

Section 1. Identification

| | |
|--|--|
| GHS product identifier | Castrol Transmax Manual FE 75W |
| Product code | 469681-IN02 |
| SDS # | 469681 |
| Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against | |
| Use of the substance/ mixture | Manual transmission fluid For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative. Manual transmission fluid For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative. |
| Manufacturer | |
| Supplier | Castrol India Limited Technopolis Knowledge Park Mahakali Caves Road Andheri (East), MUMBAI 400 093 Maharashtra, India Contact : +91 22 66984100 |
| EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER | Toll free: 000800 100 7479 (for use in India only - 24/7) Carechem Singapore: +65 3158 1198 (24/7) |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| | |
|--|--|
| GHS Classification | SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 |
| GHS label elements | |
| Signal word | No signal word. |
| Hazard statements | H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | P273 - Avoid release to the environment. |
| Response | Not applicable. |
| Storage | Not applicable. |
| Disposal | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | Defatting to the skin. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| | |
|--------------------------|---------|
| Substance/mixture | Mixture |
|--------------------------|---------|

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Synthetic base stock. Proprietary performance additives.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|---|-----------|-----------------|
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based | ≥50 - ≤75 | CAS: 72623-87-1 |
| Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated | ≥10 - ≤25 | CAS: 68037-01-4 |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | ≤3 | CAS: 64742-54-7 |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | ≤3 | CAS: 64742-65-0 |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic | ≤3 | CAS: 64741-88-4 |
| zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate | ≤0.3 | CAS: 25103-54-2 |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| | | |
|-------------------------|------|---------------|
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol | ≤0.3 | CAS: 128-39-2 |
|-------------------------|------|---------------|

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. |
| Skin contact | Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Ingestion | Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. |
| Notes to physician | Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. |

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

| | |
|---|---|
| Suitable | Use foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish. |
| Not suitable | Do not use water jet. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide) |
| Special precautions for fire-fighters | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. |
| For emergency responders | Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Not suitable

Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature

Ensure product is stored in covered area away from direct sunlight, heat, rain and water exposure.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|--|
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based | Directorate General Factory Advice Service & Labour Institutes, Factories Act (India, 4/2001) [oil mist mineral] STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: mist. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: mist. |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | Directorate General Factory Advice Service & Labour Institutes, Factories Act (India, 4/2001) [oil mist mineral] STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: mist. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: mist. |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | Directorate General Factory Advice Service & Labour Institutes, Factories Act (India, 4/2001) [oil mist mineral] STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: mist. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ . Form: mist. |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic | Directorate General Factory Advice Service & Labour Institutes, Factories Act (India, 4/2001) [oil mist mineral] STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ . Form: mist. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: mist.

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Biological exposure indices

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| No exposure indices known. | |

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Skin protection

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

| | |
|---|---|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Colour | Brown. [Light] |
| Odour | Not available. |
| Odour threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | Not available. |
| Drop Point | Not available. |
| Pour point | -57 °C |
| Flash point | Open cup: >220°C (>428°F) [Cleveland ASTM D 92] |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability | Not available. |
| Flammability | Not applicable. Based on - Physical state |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | Not available. |
| Vapour pressure | |

| Ingredient name | Vapour Pressure at 20 °C | | | Vapour pressure at 50 °C | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------|-----|--------|
| | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based | <0.07501 | <0.01 | ASTM D 5191 | | | |
| Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated | <0.0041 | <0.00055 | ASTM E 1194-87 | | | |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | <0.07501 | <0.01 | ASTM D 5191 | | | |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | <0.07501 | <0.01 | ASTM D 5191 | | | |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic | <0.07501 | <0.01 | ASTM D 5191 | | | |

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Relative vapour density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Density | <1000 kg/m ³ (<1 g/cm ³) at 15°C |
| Solubility(ies) | |

| Media | Result |
|-------|-------------|
| water | Not soluble |

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not applicable. |
|---|-----------------|

| Auto-ignition temperature | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------|-------------|--|
| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method | |
| Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated | 343 to 369 | 649.4 to 696.2 | ASTM D 2159 | |

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
|----------------------------------|----------------|

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Viscosity | Kinematic: 32.2 mm ² /s (32.2 cSt) at 40°C Kinematic: 6.3 to 6.8 mm ² /s (6.3 to 6.8 cSt) at 100°C (ASTM D 445) |
|------------------|--|

Particle characteristics

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Median particle size | Not applicable. |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|---|
| Reactivity | No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information. |
| Chemical stability | The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
| Incompatible materials | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50

>5000 mg/kg
OECD 423

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>5000 mg/kg
OECD 402

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

>5 mg/l [4 hours]
OECD 403

Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated

Rat - Oral - LD50

>5000 mg/kg
OECD 423

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>2000 mg/kg
OECD 402

Rat - Inhalation - LD50 Dusts and mists

>5.2 mg/l [4 hours]
OECD 403

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Rat - Oral - LD50

>5000 mg/kg
OECD 401

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5000 mg/kg
OECD 402

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

>5 mg/l [4 hours]
OECD 403

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Rat - Oral - LD50

>5000 mg/kg
OECD 401

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>2000 mg/kg
OECD 402

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

>5.53 mg/l [4 hours]
OECD 403

zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate

Rat - Oral - LD50

3100 mg/kg
OECD 401

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>5000 mg/kg
OECD 402

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

Rat - Oral - LD50

>5000 mg/kg
OECD 401

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5000 mg/kg

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50,
hydrotreated neutral oil-based
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-
1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
paraffinic
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed
heavy paraffinic
zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

Result

Rabbit - Skin - Non-irritant to skin.
OECD 404
Rabbit - Skin - Non-irritant to skin.
OECD 404
Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
OECD 404
Rabbit - Skin - Non-irritant to skin.

Unspecified - Skin - Non-irritant to skin.
OECD 431
Rabbit - Skin - Irritant
OECD 404

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50,
hydrotreated neutral oil-based
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-
1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
paraffinic
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed
heavy paraffinic
zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
OECD 405
Rabbit - Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.
OECD 405
Rabbit - Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.
OECD 405
Rabbit - Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.
OECD 405
Unspecified - Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.
OECD 437
Rabbit - Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.
OECD 405

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50,
hydrotreated neutral oil-based

Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-
1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed
heavy paraffinic

zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

Result

Guinea pig - skin
OECD 406
Result: Not sensitising
Guinea pig - skin
OECD 406
Result: Not sensitising
Guinea pig - skin
OECD 406
Result: Not sensitising
Guinea pig - skin
OECD 406
Result: Not sensitising
Guinea pig - skin
OECD 406
Result: Not sensitising
Guinea pig - skin
OECD 406
Result: Not sensitising

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name

Result

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based

In vitro - Bacteria

OECD [Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test]

Result: Negative

In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified

OECD [In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test]

Result: Positive

In vivo - Mammal - species unspecified

OECD [Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test]

Result: Negative

In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified

OECD [In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test]

Result: Negative

Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated

In vitro - Bacteria

OECD [Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test]

Result: Negative

In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified

OECD [In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test]

Result: Negative

In vivo - Mammal - species unspecified

OECD [Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test]

Result: Negative

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

In vitro - Bacteria

Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test

Result: Negative

In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified

In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test

Result: Negative

In vivo - Mammal - species unspecified

Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test

Result: Negative

In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified

In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test

Result: Negative

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

In vitro - Bacteria

OECD [Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test]

Result: Negative

In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified

OECD [In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test]

Result: Negative

zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate

In vitro - Bacteria

OECD [Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test]

Result: Negative

In vivo - Mammal - species unspecified

OECD [Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test]

Result: Negative

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

In vitro - Bacteria

OECD [Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test]

Result: Negative

In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified

OECD [In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test]

Result: Negative

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Result

Mouse - Dermal - Unspecified

OECD 451

Result: Negative

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Mouse - Dermal - Unspecified

OECD 451

Result: Negative

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Result

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based

Rat - Oral
OECD 421
Maternal toxicity: Negative
Fertility effects: Negative
Developmental: Negative

Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated

Rat - Oral
OECD 415
Maternal toxicity: Negative
Fertility effects: Negative
Developmental: Negative

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Rat - Oral
OECD 421
Maternal toxicity: Negative
Fertility effects: Negative
Developmental: Negative

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Rat - Oral
OECD 421
Maternal toxicity: Negative
Fertility effects: Negative
Developmental: Negative

zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate

Rat - Oral
OECD 421
Maternal toxicity: Negative
Fertility effects: Negative
Developmental: Negative

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

Rat - Oral
OECD 421
Maternal toxicity: Positive
Fertility effects: Negative
Developmental: Equivocal

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation

Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.

Skin contact

Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

No specific data.

Inhalation

May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | |
|--|--|
| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking |
| Ingestion | No specific data. |
| <u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> | |
| Eye contact | Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs. |
| Inhalation | Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. |
| Skin contact | Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. |
| Ingestion | Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea. |
| <u>Potential chronic health effects</u> | |
| General | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Section 12. Ecological information

Environmental effects This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--|
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based | Acute - NOEL OECD 201 Algae ≥100 mg/l [72 hours] Acute - EL50 OECD 202 Daphnia >10000 mg/l [48 hours] Acute - LL50 OECD 203 Fish >100 mg/l [96 hours] Chronic - NOEL OECD 211 Daphnia ≥1000 mg/l [21 days] Acute - EL50 OECD 201 Algae >1000 mg/l [72 hours] Acute - EL50 OECD 202 Daphnia >1000 mg/l [48 hours] Chronic - NOELR OECD 211 Daphnia 125 mg/l [21 days] Acute - LL50 OECD 203 Fish >1000 mg/l [96 hours] |
| Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated | Acute - EL50 OECD 201 Algae >1000 mg/l [72 hours] Acute - EL50 OECD 202 Daphnia >1000 mg/l [48 hours] Chronic - NOELR OECD 211 Daphnia 125 mg/l [21 days] Acute - LL50 OECD 203 Fish >1000 mg/l [96 hours] |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | Acute - EL50 OECD 201 Algae >100 mg/l [72 hours] Acute - EL50 OECD 202 Daphnia >10000 mg/l [48 hours] Acute - LL50 |

Section 12. Ecological information

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | OECD 203 |
| | Fish |
| | >100 mg/l [96 hours] |
| | Chronic - NOEL |
| | OECD 201 |
| | Algae |
| | ≥100 mg/l [72 hours] |
| | Chronic - NOEL |
| | OECD 211 |
| | Daphnia |
| 10 mg/l [21 days] | |
| Acute - EL50 | |
| OECD 201 | |
| Algae | |
| >100 mg/l [72 hours] | |
| Acute - EL50 | |
| OECD 202 | |
| Daphnia | |
| >10000 mg/l [48 hours] | |
| Acute - LL50 | |
| OECD 203 | |
| Fish | |
| >100 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| Chronic - NOEL | |
| OECD 201 | |
| Algae | |
| ≥100 mg/l [72 hours] | |
| Chronic - NOEL | |
| OECD 211 | |
| Daphnia | |
| 10 mg/l [21 days] | |
| Acute - ErC50 | |
| OECD 201 | |
| Algae | |
| >1.6 mg/l [72 hours] | |
| Acute - EC50 | |
| OECD 202 | |
| Daphnia | |
| 0.2 mg/l [48 hours] | |
| Acute - LC50 | |
| OECD 203 | |
| Fish | |
| >0.28 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| Acute - EL50 | |
| OECD 201 | |
| Algae | |
| 1.2 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| Acute - EL50 | |
| OECD 202 | |
| Daphnia | |
| 0.45 mg/l [48 hours] | |
| Acute - LC50 | |
| OECD 203 | |
| Fish | |
| 1.4 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| Chronic - NOEC | |
| OECD 201 | |
| Algae | |
| 0.64 mg/l [96 hours] | |
| Chronic - NOEC | |
| OECD 211 | |
| Daphnia | |
| 0.035 mg/l [21 days] | |

zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate

2,6-di-tert-butylphenol

Persistence and degradability

Not expected to be rapidly degradable.

Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|--|--|
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based | OECD 301F 31% [28 days] - Inherent |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic | OECD 301F 31% [28 days] - Not readily |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic | OECD 301F 31% [28 days] - Not readily |
| zinc isodecyl phosphorodithioate | OECD 301b 1% [28 days] - Not readily |
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol | OECD 301B 24% [28 days] - Not readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated | >10 | - | High |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic | 3.9 to 6 | - | High |
| 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol | 4.5 | - | High |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Mobility | Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination. |
| Other adverse effects | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Other ecological information | Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired. |

Section 13. Disposal considerations

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Disposal methods | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |
|-------------------------|--|

Section 14. Transport information

| | IMDG | IATA |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name | - | - |
| Transport hazard class(es) | - | - |
| Packing group | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | - |

Special precautions for user Not available.

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulation according to other foreign laws

| | |
|--|---|
| REACH Status | The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the current requirements of REACH. |
| Australia inventory (AIIC) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Canada inventory status | All components are listed or exempted. |
| China inventory (IECSC) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Japan inventory (CSCL) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Korea inventory (KECI) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Philippines inventory (PICCS) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI) | All components are listed or exempted. |
| United States inventory (TSCA 8b) | All components are active or exempted. |

Section 16. Other information

History

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | 21/09/2025. |
| Date of previous issue | 12/09/2025. |
| Prepared by | Product Stewardship |
| Key to abbreviations | ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006] SDS = Safety Data Sheet STEL = Short term exposure limit TWA = Time weighted average UN Number = United Nations Number, a four digit number assigned by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods. Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0, 64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1 |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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