

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90
Product code	469699-DE04
SDS #	469699
Product type	Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/ mixture	Automotive gear lubricant For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
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1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Castrol Holdings Europe B.V., d'Arcyweg 76, 3198NA Europoort Rotterdam
	Nordic Lubricants A/S Orestads Boulevard 73 Kobenhavn S, 2300 Denmark
	+45 70 80 70 54
E-mail address	MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER	Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24/7)
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
<u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>	Not classified.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word	No signal word.
Hazard statements	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Precautionary statements</u>	
Prevention	Not applicable.
Response	Not applicable.
Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	Not applicable.
Hazardous ingredients	Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	Contains Reaction products of 4-methyl-2-pentanol and diphosphorus pentasulfide, propoxylated, esterified with diphosphorus pentoxide, and salted by amines, C12-14- tert-alkyl and Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives. May produce an allergic reaction. Safety data sheet available on request.

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Product name	Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90	Product code	469699-DE04	Page:	1/12
Version	7.01	Date of issue	24 August 2023	Format	Latvia
Date of previous issue	1 November 2022.			Language	ENGLISH
					(Latvia)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification Defatting to the skin.
May cause endocrine disruption.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product definition Mixture

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119471299-27 EC: 265-169-7 CAS: 64742-65-0 Index: 649-474-00-6	≥25 - ≤50	Not classified.	-	[2]
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	REACH #: 01-2119480472-38 EC: 265-166-0 CAS: 64742-62-7 Index: 649-471-00-X	≥25 - ≤50	Not classified.	-	[2]
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	REACH #: 01-2119489287-22 EC: 265-160-8 CAS: 64742-57-0 Index: 649-470-00-4	≥25 - ≤50	Not classified.	-	[2]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	REACH #: 01-2119467170-45 EC: 265-155-0 CAS: 64742-52-5 Index: 649-465-00-7	≤5	Not classified.	-	[2]
Reaction products of 4-methyl-2-pentanol and diphosphorus pentasulfide, propoxylated, esterified with diphosphorus pentoxide, and salted by amines, C12-14- tert-alkyl	REACH #: 01-2119493620-38 EC: 931-384-6 CAS: 91745-46-9	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 50% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 9.39%	[1]
Reaction Products of alcohols, C14-18, C18 unsat., esterified with phosphorus pentoxide and salted with amines, C12-14,-tert-alkyl	REACH #: 01-2119978530-33 EC: 939-591-3	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives	REACH #: 01-2119971727-23 EC: 939-460-0 CAS: -	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1] [3]

Product name Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90	Product code 469699-DE04	Page: 2/12
Version 7.01	Date of issue 24 August 2023	Format Latvia
Date of previous issue 1 November 2022.		Language ENGLISH
	(Latvia)	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation	Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide) metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Product name Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90	Product code 469699-DE04	Page: 3/12
Version 7.01 Date of issue 24 August 2023	Format Latvia	Language ENGLISH
Date of previous issue 1 November 2022.	(Latvia)	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 5 for firefighting measures.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 12 for environmental precautions.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers.

Not suitable Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 5/2007
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 5/2007
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 5/2007
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 5/2007

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name

Exposure indices

Derived No Effect Level

No DNELs/DMELs available.

Predicted No Effect Concentration

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

General Information:

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

Product name Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90	Product code 469699-DE04	Page: 5/12
Version 7.01	Date of issue 24 August 2023	Format Latvia
Date of previous issue 1 November 2022.		Language ENGLISH
	(Latvia)	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.
 If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.
 It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times.
 Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.
 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
 Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Refer to standards:

- Respiratory protection: EN 529
- Gloves: EN 420, EN 374
- Eye protection: EN 166
- Filtering half-mask: EN 149
- Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405
- Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter
- Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter
- Particulate filters: EN 143
- Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Brown.

Product name Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90	Product code 469699-DE04	Page: 6/12
Version 7.01 Date of issue 24 August 2023	Format Latvia	Language ENGLISH
Date of previous issue 1 November 2022.	(Latvia)	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Odour Not available.
Odour threshold Not available.
pH Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.
Pour point -21 °C
Flash point Open cup: 262°C (503.6°F) [Cleveland]
Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit Not available.

Vapour pressure

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
Residual oils (petroleum), hydrotreated	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	<0.08	<0.011	ASTM D 5191			
Phosphonic acid, mixed C12-20-alkyl and C14-18-unsatd. alkyl derivs.	0	0				

Relative vapour density Not available.
Relative density Not available.
Density <1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 20°C
Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature Not available.
Decomposition temperature Not available.
Viscosity Kinematic: 182.1 mm²/s (182.1 cSt) at 40°C
 Kinematic: 16 to 17.5 mm²/s (16 to 17.5 cSt) at 100°C
Explosive properties Not available.
Oxidising properties Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90 Amines, C12-14-alkyl, reaction products with hexanol, phosphorus oxide (P2O5), phosphorus sulphide (P2S5) and propylene oxide	38882.5 500	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Information on likely routes of exposure Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.
- Ingestion** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Eye contact** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Inhalation** May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.
- Ingestion** No specific data.
- Skin contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking
- Eye contact** No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

- Inhalation** Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
- Ingestion** Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
- Skin contact** Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
- Eye contact** Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Potential chronic health effects

- General** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Remarks - Endocrine disruptor - Health Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Environmental hazards Not classified as dangerous
Product not classified for environmental effects. Based on data available for this or related materials.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) Not available.
Mobility Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties May cause endocrine disruption.

Remarks - Endocrine disruptor - Environment Not available.

Other ecological information Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

12.7 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
13 02 05*	mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

Packaging

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Special precautions This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

References Commission 2014/955/EU
Directive 2008/98/EC

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-

Product name Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90 **Product code** 469699-DE04 **Page:** 9/12
Version 7.01 **Date of issue** 24 August 2023 **Format** Latvia **Language** ENGLISH
Date of previous issue 1 November 2022. **(Latvia)**

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for user Not available.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

Ingredient name	Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Substituted thiaziazole	Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	Listed	57	4/8/2022

Substances of very high concern

Ingredient name	Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Reaction product of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and phenol, heptyl derivatives	Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	Candidate	ED 01/2018	-

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Other regulations

REACH Status The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the current requirements of REACH.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are active or exempted.

Australia inventory (AIC) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (CSCL) All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) At least one component is not listed.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI) All components are listed or exempted.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Product name Castrol Transmax Limited Slip Z 85W-90	Product code 469699-DE04	Page: 10/12
Version 7.01	Date of issue 24 August 2023	Format Latvia
Date of previous issue 1 November 2022.		Language ENGLISH
	(Latvia)	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

EU - Water framework directive - Priority substances

None of the components are listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment
- CSR = Chemical Safety Report
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ES = Exposure Scenario
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- EWC = European Waste Catalogue
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
- SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
- STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
- STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
- TWA = Time weighted average
- UN = United Nations
- UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance
- VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4/ RRN 01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN 01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN 01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN 01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 / RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN 01-2119474889-13

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Not classified.	

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated H statements	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
	Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
	Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
	Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B	

History

Date of issue/ Date of revision	24/08/2023.
Date of previous issue	01/11/2022.
Prepared by	Product Stewardship

 **Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.**

Notice to reader

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