

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** Castrol Vecton Long Drain 10W-40 E6/E9  
**SDS #** 468508  
**Code** 468508-BE02

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** Engine Oils.  
For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.

**Supplier** BP Lubricants USA Inc.  
1500 Valley Road  
Wayne, NJ 07470  
Telephone: 1-888-CASTROL

**EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION:** 1 (800) 447-8735  
Outside the US: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

**EMERGENCY SPILL INFORMATION:** 1 (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** This material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** Not classified.

### GHS label elements

**Signal word** No signal word.

**Hazard statements** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** Not applicable.

**Response** Not applicable.

**Storage** Not applicable.

**Disposal** Not applicable.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** Defatting to the skin.  
USED ENGINE OILS  
Used engine oil may contain hazardous components which have the potential to cause skin cancer.  
See Toxicological Information, section 11 of this Safety Data Sheet.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** Mixture  
Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	≥10 - ≤25	72623-87-1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≤10	64742-54-7
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	≤3	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	≤3	64742-65-0
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	≤3	64742-55-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

<b>Notes to physician</b>	Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
<b>Specific treatments</b>	No specific treatment.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet.

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

### Hazardous combustion products

Combustion products may include the following:  
carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)  
nitrogen oxides (NO, NO<sub>2</sub> etc.)

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling.

**For emergency responders** If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

**Not suitable** Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based

None.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

**ACGIH TLV (United States). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction

**OSHA PEL (United States). [Oil mist, mineral]**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

**ACGIH TLV (United States). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction

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**OSHA PEL (United States). [Oil mist, mineral]**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic

**ACGIH TLV (United States). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction

**OSHA PEL (United States). [Oil mist, mineral]**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 6/1993

### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

### Appropriate engineering controls

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

#### Skin protection

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Hand protection

Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

### Body protection

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

### Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Amber. [Light]
Odor	Unfragranced
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Closed cup: 204°C (399.2°F)
Pour point	-42 °C
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	Not available.

### Vapor pressure

Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

paraffinic							
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191				
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191				

**Relative vapor density**

Not available.

**Density**

<1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (<1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>) at 15°C

**Solubility(ies)**

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**

Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature**

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9-alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate	365	689	

**Decomposition temperature**

Not available.

**Viscosity**

Kinematic: 99.3 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (99.3 cSt) at 40°C

Kinematic: 13.65 to 14.7 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (13.65 to 14.7 cSt) at 100°C

**Particle characteristics**

**Median particle size**

Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**

No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.

**Chemical stability**

The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**Incompatible materials**

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Product name** Castrol Vecton Long Drain 10W-40 E6/E9

**Product code** 468508-BE02

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**Version** 3.02 **Date of issue** 03/19/2025.

**Format** CCSA

**Language** ENGLISH

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Inhalation** Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

**Ingestion** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** No specific data.

**Skin contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
dryness  
cracking

**Inhalation** No specific data.

**Ingestion** No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

**General** USED ENGINE OILS  
Combustion products resulting from the operation of internal combustion engines contaminate engine oils during use. Used engine oil may contain hazardous components which have the potential to cause skin cancer. Frequent or prolonged contact with all types and makes of used engine oil must therefore be avoided and a high standard of personal hygiene maintained.

**Carcinogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

No testing has been performed by the manufacturer.

### Persistence and degradability

Not expected to be rapidly degradable.

### Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

### Mobility in soil

## Section 12. Ecological information

<b>Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)</b>	Not available.
<b>Mobility</b>	Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Other ecological information</b>	Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal methods</b>	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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## Section 14. Transport information

	<b>DOT Classification</b>	<b>TDG Classification</b>	<b>IMDG</b>	<b>IATA</b>
<b>UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	-	-	-	-

**Special precautions for user** Not available.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### U.S. Federal regulations

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** At least one component is not listed.

**TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules:** Glycerides, C16-18 and C18-unsatd. mono- and di-, citrates; Glycerides, C16-18 and C18-unsatd. mono- and di-, citrates

### Other regulations

<b>Australia inventory (AIIIC)</b>	All components are listed or exempted.
<b>Canada inventory</b>	At least one component is not listed.
<b>China inventory (IECSC)</b>	At least one component is not listed.
<b>Japan inventory (CSCL)</b>	At least one component is not listed.
<b>Korea inventory (KECI)</b>	At least one component is not listed.



## Section 15. Regulatory information

<b>Philippines inventory (PICCS)</b>	At least one component is not listed.
<b>Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)</b>	Not determined.
<b>REACH Status</b>	The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the current requirements of REACH.

## Section 16. Other information

### History

**Date of issue/Date of revision** 03/19/2025.

**Date of previous issue** 03/19/2025.

**Prepared by** Product Stewardship Group

### Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Industrial Hygienists  
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit  
SDS = Safety Data Sheet  
STEL = Short term exposure limit  
TWA = Time weighted average  
UN = United Nations  
UN Number = United Nations Number, a four digit number assigned by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.  
Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0, 64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

*All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.*

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