

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Castrol Transmax Agri Trans Plus 80W

In accordance with Industrial Safety and Health Act

MSDS Approval Number

AA00907-0000000166

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name Castrol Transmax Agri Trans Plus 80W
Code 469693-MY01
SDS no. 469693
Supplier BP Korea Ltd.
19F., 302, Teheran-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06210
Republic of Korea

Tel: +82 -1577-1904
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER Carechem: +65 3158 1074 (24/7)

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture Multi-purpose lubricant for engines, transmissions and hydraulic systems of tractors and agricultural equipment.
For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.

Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Signal word No signal word.
Hazard statements H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response Not applicable.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification Defatting to the skin.
USED ENGINE OILS
Used engine oil may contain hazardous components which have the potential to cause skin cancer.
See Toxicological Information, section 11 of this Safety Data Sheet.
Note: High Pressure Applications
Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency.
See 'Notes to physician' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

Hazardous ingredients

Ingredient name	Synonym	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Baseoil - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated heavy paraffinic; Paraffin oil; HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE; DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM) HYDROFVLD; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified	64742-54-7	44.41825
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Baseoil - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Paraffin oil; Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Distillate (Pet.) solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; SOLVENT REFINED PARAFFINIC MINERAL OIL; OILS, PARAFFINIC, HEAVY, SOLVENT DEWAXED; Solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic petroleum oil; PARAFFINIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified	64742-65-0	43.19825
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Baseoil - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated heavy paraffinic; Paraffin oil; HYDROTREATED HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE;	64742-54-7	2.161

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	<p>DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM) HYDROFVLD; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified Baseoil - unspecified; Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light paraffinic; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light paraffinic; Mineral oil, petroleum distillates, hydrotreated (mild) light paraffinic; Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light paraffinic; Paraffin oil; DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM) HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC; DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC; ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON, SULFURIZED; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified</p>	64742-55-8	1.881
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis (dithiophosphate)	<p>Zinc, bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl) phosphorodithioato-.kappa.S,.kappa.S']-, (T-4)-; Zinc, bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl) phosphorodithioato-S,S']-, (β-4)-; Phosphorodithioic acid, O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl) ester, zinc salt; bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl) hydrogen phosphorodithioato-κ2S,S'] zinc; Zinc, bis(O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl) phosphorodithioato-kappaS, kappaS')-, (T-4)-; ZINC, BIS [O,O-BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PHOSPHORODITHIOATO-S,S']-, (T-4)-; Phosphorodithioic acid, O, O-di-2-ethylhexyl ester, zinc salt; Zinc, O,O'-di-2-ethylhexyl dithiophosphate; Bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl) phosphorodithioato-S,S']-zinc; (T-4)-Bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl) phosphorodithioato-kappaS, kappaS']zinc; Zinc dialkyl</p>	4259-15-8	1.452

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

O,O,O-triphenyl phosphorothioate	(C8-24) dithiophosphate Phosphorothioic acid, O,O, O-triphenyl ester; triphenyl thiophosphate; triphenylphosphorothioate, o,o,o-; Triphenyl monothiophosphate; Triphenylphosphorothioate; Phosphorothioic acid O,O, O-triphenyl ester; PHOSPHOROTHIONATE, TRIPHENYL; PHSOPHOROTHIOTIC ACID, O,O,O-TRIPHENYL ESTER; o,o,o- triphenylthiophosphate	597-82-0	0.0594
----------------------------------	---	----------	--------

Non-hazardous ingredients

Ingredient name	Synonym	CAS number	%
Trade secret.	Trade secret.	Trade secret.	3.05 - 5.063
Trade secret.	Trade secret.	Trade secret.	1.2 - 1.8
Trade secret.	Trade secret.	Trade secret.	0.511 - 0.661
Trade secret.	Trade secret.	Trade secret.	0.511 - 0.661
Trade secret.	Trade secret.	Trade secret.	0.3 - 0.594
Trade secret.	Trade secret.	Trade secret.	0.061 - 0.305
Trade secret.	Trade secret.	Trade secret.	0.06 - 0.3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments

No specific treatment.

Notes to physician

Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. Note: High Pressure Applications
Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis.
Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive

Section 4. First aid measures

debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable

Use foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish.

Not suitable

Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Combustion products may include the following:
phosphorus oxides
metal oxide/oxides
carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)
sulphur oxides (SO, SO₂, etc.)

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling.

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Not suitable

Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Other ingredients including trade secret: not applicable

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves if prolonged or repeated contact is likely. Wear chemical resistant gloves. Recommended: Nitrile gloves. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Skin protection

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Amber. [Light]
Odour	Not available.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not applicable.
Melting/freezing point	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Closed cup: 229°C (444.2°F) [Pensky-Martens] Open cup: >200°C (>392°F) [Cleveland]
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Not applicable. Based on - Physical state
Vapour pressure	Not available.

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis (dithiophosphate)	0.0000032	0.00000043	EU A.4	0.000034	0.0000045	EU A.4

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Density	<1000 kg/m ³ (<1 g/cm ³) at 15°C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Kinematic: 53.09 mm ² /s (53.09 cSt) at 40°C Kinematic: 9.1 to 10.3 mm ² /s (9.1 to 10.3 cSt) at 100°C

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight Not applicable as it is a mixture

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

Hazardous decomposition products Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.

Ingestion No specific data.

Skin Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking

Eyes No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with

Section 11. Toxicological information

paraffinic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	similar substances. Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours	Based on studies with similar substances.
Zinc bis[O,O-bis (2-ethylhexyl)] bis (dithiophosphate)	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3100 mg/kg	-	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Test	Species	Route / Result	Conc.	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD	405	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	-	Based on studies with similar substances. Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD	404	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	-	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD	405	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	-	Based on studies with similar substances. Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD	404	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	-	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	OECD	405	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	-	Based on studies with similar substances. Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD	404	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	-	
Zinc bis[O,O-bis (2-ethylhexyl)] bis (dithiophosphate)	-	-	Rabbit	Skin - Non-irritant to skin.	-	-

Skin corrosion or irritation

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available for product and all ingredients.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available for product and all ingredients.

Respiratory Irritation

Not available for product and all ingredients.

Sensitisation

Respiratory Sensitisation

Not available for product and all ingredients.

Skin Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	Based on studies with similar substances. Based on studies with similar substances. Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Public Notice No 2016-41 Occupational Exposure Limits

Product/ingredient name	CAS number	Classification
Toluene	108-88-3	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2

Carcinogenicity

Not available for product and all ingredients.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Subject: Bacteria Experiment: In vitro	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified Experiment: In vitro	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified Experiment: In vivo	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria Experiment: In vitro	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified Experiment: In vitro	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ ingredient name	Test detail	Species	Exposure	Developmental toxin	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	OECD 421	Rat	Oral -	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	Equivalent to EPA OTS 798 4356	Rat	Inhalation 12 days	Positive	-	-	Effects on the embryo, fetus or newborn.
	OECD 416	Rat	Inhalation 2 generation	-	-	Positive	Effects on fertility

Teratogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-

Potential chronic health effects

General

USED ENGINE OILS
Combustion products resulting from the operation of internal combustion engines contaminate engine oils during use. Used engine oil may contain hazardous components which have the potential to cause skin cancer. Frequent or prolonged contact with all types and makes of used engine oil must therefore be avoided and a high standard of personal hygiene maintained.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aspiration hazard

Name

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence/degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

Mobility in soil

Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other ecological information

Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
B. UN proper shipping name	-	-
C. Transport hazard class(es)	-	-
D. Packing group	-	-
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.
F. Additional information	-	-

Special precautions for user Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) None of the components are listed.

ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) None of the components are listed.

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic
- Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic
- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors) The following components are listed: toluene

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement) None of the components are listed.

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up) The following components are listed: metal working fluids: oil mist, mineral

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control) The following components are listed: zinc and its compounds

Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

Section 15. Regulatory information

Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)	Not applicable
Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27)	None of the components are listed.
Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27)	None of the components are listed.
CCA Article 11 (TRI)	The following components are listed: Zinc and its compounds
CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)	None of the components are listed.
Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act	Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 6. Class 4 petroleum Threshold: 6000 L Danger category: III Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited
Wastes regulation	Designated Waste

[Regulation according to other foreign laws](#)

Australia inventory (AIIIC)	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC)	All components are listed or exempted.
REACH Status	For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1.
Japan inventory (CSCL)	All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI)	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	At least one component is not listed.
Taiwan inventory (TCSI)	All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	All components are active or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

[History](#)

Source of Information	Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet: Hazard assessment review data, toxicological reviews, and product physical properties; component supplier hazard communication data; and other publically available resources.
Date first prepared	10/01/2023
Number of revisions and date of last revision	4.02 30/08/2024.
Prepared by	Product Stewardship
Key to abbreviations	AMP = Acceptable Maximum Peak ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, an agency that promulgates exposure standards. ADG = Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail ADG Code = Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail CAS Number = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number HAZCHEM Code = Emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services. Its use is required by the ADG Code for Dangerous Goods in bulk. ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization.

Section 16. Other information

IATA = International Air Transport Association, the organization promulgating rules governing shipment of goods by air.

IMDG = International Maritime Organization Rules, rules governing shipment of goods by water.

IP 346 = A chemical screening assay for dermal toxicity. The European Commission has recommended that Method IP 346 be used as the basis for labelling certain lubricant oil base stocks for carcinogenicity. The EU Commission has stipulated that the classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346. (See Note L, European Commission Directive 67/548/EEC as amended and adapted.) DMSO is a solvent.

NOHSC = National Occupational Health & Safety Commission, Australia

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]

TWA = Time weighted average

STEL = Short term exposure limit

UN Number = United Nations Number, a four digit number assigned by the United Nations Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

TCCA = Toxic Chemical Control Act

GHS = Global Harmonized System

ISHA = Industrial Safety and Health Act

Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0, 64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1

📌 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

[Notice to reader](#)

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.