

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	Tribol GR SW 460-1
UFI:	173-T0VH-300N-F1WE
Product code	469396-DE03
SDS #	469396
Product type	Grease

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Industrial
General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Professional

Use of the substance/ mixture	Grease for industrial applications For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
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1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Lubricants UK Limited, Chertsey Road, Sunbury On Thames, Middlesex, TW16 7BP
E-mail address	+44 (0)345 600 8125 MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER	Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24/7)
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
<u>Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u>	Skin Sens. 1, H317

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

UFI:	173-T0VH-300N-F1WE
Hazard pictograms	



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<u>Precautionary statements</u>	
Prevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves. P261 - Avoid breathing dust.
Response	P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Naphthenic acids, zinc salts 5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione
Supplemental label elements	Not applicable.
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirements	
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Defatting to the skin. Note: High Pressure Applications Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. See 'Notes to physician' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product definition	Mixture
Synthetic lubricant and additives.	Thickening agent.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	REACH #: 01-2120119814-57 EC: 254-184-4 CAS: 38900-29-7	≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	REACH #: 01-2120783834-41 EC: 234-409-2 CAS: 12001-85-3	<2.5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	REACH #: 01-2119969655-20 EC: 233-593-1 CAS: 10254-57-6	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2 (3H)-thione	REACH #: 01-2120119820-64 EC: 276-763-0 CAS: 72676-55-2	<1	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation	Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<p>Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</p> <p>Note: High Pressure Applications</p> <p>Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes.</p>
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	In case of fire, use water fog, alcohol resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide) metal oxide/oxides nitrogen oxides (NO, NO ₂ etc.) sulphur oxides (SO, SO ₂ , etc.)

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilled material. Suction or scoop the spill into appropriate disposal or recycling vessels, then cover spill area with oil absorbent. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 5 for firefighting measures.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 12 for environmental precautions.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers.

Not suitable

Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived No Effect Level


Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Dilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	DNEL	Long term Dermal -	13.5 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal -	0.172 mg/cm²	Workers	Local

Predicted No Effect Concentration

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Dilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	Fresh water	0.023 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	0.0023 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	Intermittent release	0.23 mg/l	Assessment Factors

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

 All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

 **General Information:**

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained. If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above. It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times. Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Refer to standards:

- Respiratory protection: EN 529
- Gloves: EN 420, EN 374
- Eye protection: EN 166
- Filtering half-mask: EN 149
- Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405
- Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter
- Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter
- Particulate filters: EN 143
- Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Grease
Colour	Yellow. [Light]
Odour	Not available.
Odour threshold	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flammability	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	Not applicable.
Flash point	Closed cup: 267°C (512.6°F) [Estimated. Based on Lubricants - Base Oils]
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
pH	Not applicable.
Kinematic viscosity	Not available.
Solubility	

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not applicable.

Vapour pressure Not available.

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Not available.						

Density and/or Relative density <1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 20°C

Relative vapour density Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not available.

9.2 Other information

Evaporation rate Not available.

Explosive properties Not available.

Oxidising properties Not available.

Drop Point ≥210 °C

Penetration Number (0.1 mm) ≥10 to 340 at 25°C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

10.5 Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result / Route	Test authority / Number	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
Dilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	OECD 401	Rat	>300 mg/kg	-	-
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	OECD 423	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	OECD 401	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	OECD 420	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Tribol GR SW 460-1 Dilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	7243.8 500	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Route / Result	Test concentration	Remarks
Dilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	OECD 405	Rabbit	Eyes - Not irritant	-	-
	OECD 439	RhE	Skin - Not irritant	-	-
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	OECD 492	RhCE	Eyes - Irritant	-	-
	OECD 439	RhE	Skin - Not irritant	-	-
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	OECD 405	Rabbit	Eyes - Not irritant	-	-
	OECD 404	Rabbit	Skin - Not irritant	-	-
5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione	OECD 405	Rabbit	Eyes - Not irritant	-	-
	OECD 404	Rabbit	Skin - Not irritant	-	-

Sensitiser

Product/ingredient name	Route	Test authority / Test number	Species	Result	Remarks
Dilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	skin	OECD 429	Mouse	Not sensitising	-
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	skin	OECD 442D	Unspecified	Sensitising	-

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4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	skin	OECD	429	Mouse	Not sensitising	-
5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione	skin	OECD	429	Mouse	Sensitising	-

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Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Cell	Type	Result	Remarks	
Lilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	OECD 471	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	OECD 473	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 476	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	OECD 471	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 473	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 476	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	OECD 471	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	OECD 473	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-
	OECD 476	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-
5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione	OECD 476	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive	-
	OECD 471	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	OECD 487	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Route	Exposure	Developmental	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Remarks
Lilithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	OECD 422	Rat	Dermal	-	Negative	Negative	Negative	-
Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	OECD 422	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	OECD 422	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	Negative	Negative	-

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5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione	OECD	422	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	Positive	Negative	-
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Information on likely routes of exposure Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Ingestion** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Eye contact** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Inhalation** No specific data.
- Ingestion** No specific data.
- Skin contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
- Eye contact** No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

- Inhalation** Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.
- Ingestion** Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
- Eye contact** Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Potential chronic health effects

- General** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Remarks - Endocrine disruptor - Health Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Type / Result	Exposure	Effects	Remarks	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	OECD	202	Daphnia	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	48 hours	-	
	OECD	203	Fish	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	96 hours	-	
	OECD	201	Algae	Acute ErC50 23 mg/l	72 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD	201	Algae	Chronic NOEC 3.2 mg/l	72 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.

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Naphthenic acids, zinc salts	OECD	202	Daphnia	Acute EL50 35 mg/l	48 hours	-	-
	OECD	201	Algae	Acute ErL50 4 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
	OECD	203	Fish	Acute LL50 ≥100 mg/l	96 hours	-	-
	OECD	201	Algae	Chronic NOELR 1 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	OECD	202	Daphnia	Acute EC50 >0.052 mg/l	48 hours	-	-
	OECD	203	Fish	Acute EL50 >0.06 mg/l	96 hours	-	-
	OECD	201	Algae	Acute ErC50 >0.0325 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
	OECD	201	Algae	Chronic NOEC 0.0325 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione	OECD	211	Daphnia	Chronic NOEC 0.247 mg/l	21 days	-	-
	OECD	202	Daphnia	Acute EC50 3 mg/l	48 hours	-	-
	OECD	203	Fish	Acute EC50 >454 mg/l	96 hours	-	-
	OECD	201	Algae	Acute ErC50 20 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
	OECD	201	Algae	Chronic NOEC 9.4 mg/l	72 hours	-	-

Environmental hazards Not classified as dangerous

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not expected to be rapidly degradable.

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Result - Exposure	Remarks
Lithium azelate (Nonanedioic acid dilithium salt)	OECD 301B	91 % - Readily - 28 days	-
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	OECD 301B	21 % - Not readily - 28 days	-
5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2 (3H)-thione	OECD 301B	0 % - Not readily - 28 days	-

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Lithium azelate	-3.3	-	low
4,4'-methylene bis (dibutyldithiocarbamate)	8.42	10.86	low
5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2 (3H)-thione	1.46	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) Not available.

Mobility Grease insoluble in water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties	Not available.
Remarks - Endocrine disruptor - Environment	Not available.
12.7 Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
12 01 12*	spent waxes and fats

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

Packaging

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Waste code	European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

References Commission 2014/955/EU
Directive 2008/98/EC

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for user Not available.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not available.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Other regulations

REACH Status The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the current requirements of REACH.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are active or exempted.

Australia inventory (AIC) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (CSCL) At least one component is not listed.

Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI) All components are listed or exempted.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

EU - Water framework directive - Priority substances

None of the components are listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment
- CSR = Chemical Safety Report
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

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SECTION 16: Other information

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
 ES = Exposure Scenario
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 EWC = European Waste Catalogue
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]
 RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
 RRN = REACH Registration Number
 SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
 SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
 STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
 STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
 TWA = Time weighted average
 UN = United Nations
 UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance
 VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
 Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4 / RRN 01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN 01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN 01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN 01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 / RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN 01-2119474889-13


Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

 Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
 Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
 Aquatic Chronic 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
 Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
 Skin Corr. 1A SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
 Skin Sens. 1B SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

History

Date of issue/ Date of revision 05/02/2024.
Date of previous issue 11/09/2023.
Prepared by Product Stewardship

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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SECTION 16: Other information

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	469396-DE03
Product name	Tribol GR SW 460-1

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario	General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial
List of use descriptors	<p>Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Industrial</p> <p>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC09</p> <p>Sector of end use: SU03</p> <p>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.</p> <p>Environmental Release Category: ERC04, ERC07</p> <p>Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Biv1</p>

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.
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Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state:	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
Concentration of substance in product:	Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)
Frequency and duration of use:	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
Other conditions affecting workers exposure:	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:
 Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

General exposures (closed systems):
 No other specific measures identified.

Initial factory fill of equipment Use in contained systems:
 No other specific measures identified.

Initial factory fill of equipment Open systems:
 Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.

Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar Use in contained systems:
 No other specific measures identified.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:
 Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature):
 Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to emission points when contact with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in

combination with intensive management supervision controls. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:
Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for the Environment

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for the Environment

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES

Health

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Professional

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	469396-DE03
Product name	Tribol GR SW 460-1

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional

List of use descriptors

Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery-Professional
Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC20
Sector of end use: SU22
Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.
Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b
Specific Environmental Release Category: ESVOC SpERC 9.6b.v1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa

Concentration of substance in product: Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Other conditions affecting workers exposure: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:
 Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar Use in contained systems:
 No other specific measures identified.

Material transfers Non-dedicated facility:
 Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance Dedicated facility:
 Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:
 Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for the Environment

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment):

No exposure scenario is presented because the product is not classified for the Environment

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human):

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES

Health

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.