

**SAFETY DATA SHEET****SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifier**

**Product name** R13727A  
**UFI:** JET0-002H-X00K-NDHC  
**Product code** 469425-BE26  
**SDS #** 469425  
**Product type** Liquid.

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses
Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates-Industrial

**Use of the substance/  
mixture** Additive package  
 For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**Supplier** Castrol Holdings Europe B.V.,  
 d'Arcyweg 76, 3198NA  
 Europoort  
 Rotterdam

Castrol Belgium BV,  
 Langerbuggerkaai 18,  
 9000 Gent

+32 (0)800 49312  
**E-mail address** MSDSadvice@bp.com

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

**EMERGENCY  
TELEPHONE NUMBER** Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24/7)  
**Belgium Poison Center** Belgium: Poison center 070 245245

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Product definition** Mixture  
**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**  
 Skin Irrit. 2, H315  
 Eye Dam. 1, H318  
 Repr. 1B, H360F  
 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

**2.2 Label elements**

**UFI:** JET0-002H-X00K-NDHC  
**Hazard pictograms**



**Signal word** Danger

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

<b>Hazard statements</b>	H315 - Causes skin irritation. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H360F - May damage fertility. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
<b>Response</b>	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
<b>Storage</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Disposal</b>	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
<b>Hazardous ingredients</b>	Phenol, dodecyl-, branched  zinc O,O',O',O'-tetrakis(1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis(phosphorodithioate)  Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	Not applicable.

### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

<b>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</b>	Restricted to professional users.
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### Special packaging requirements

<b>Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Tactile warning of danger</b>	Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

<b>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
<b>Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII</b>	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
<b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>	Experimental data on one or more of the components has been used to determine all or part of the hazard classification of this product. May cause endocrine disruption.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

**Product definition** Mixture  
Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
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**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Phenol, paraalkylation products with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, calcium salts, overbased, sulfurized including distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined, solvent-dewaxed, or catalytic dewaxed, light or heavy paraffinic C15-C50	REACH #: 01-2119524004-56 EC: 701-251-5 CAS: -	≥25 - ≤50	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119471299-27 EC: 265-169-7 CAS: 64742-65-0 Index: 649-474-00-6	≤10	Not classified.	-	[2]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119484627-25 EC: 265-157-1 CAS: 64742-54-7 Index: 649-467-00-8	≤10	Not classified.	-	[2]
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated	REACH #: 01-2119489969-06 EC: 309-877-7 CAS: 101316-72-7 Index: 649-530-00-X	≤10	Not classified.	-	[2]
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	REACH #: 01-2119513207-49 EC: 310-154-3 CAS: 121158-58-5 Index: 604-092-00-9	≤10	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 1B, H360F Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [3]
zinc O,O',O',O'-tetrakis (1,3-dimethylbutyl) bis (phosphorodithioate)	REACH #: 01-2119953275-34 EC: 218-679-9 CAS: 2215-35-2	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	REACH #: 01-2119493626-26 EC: 283-392-8 CAS: 84605-29-8	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119480132-48 EC: 265-159-2 CAS: 64742-56-9 Index: 649-469-00-9	≤10	Not classified.	-	[2]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119480132-48 EC: 265-159-2 CAS: 64742-56-9 Index: 649-469-00-9	≤5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
(tetrapropenyl)succinic acid	REACH #: 01-2120752504-57 EC: 248-698-8 CAS: 27859-58-1	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	-	[1]
Ethylene glycol	REACH #: 01-2119456816-28 EC: 203-473-3 CAS: 107-21-1 Index: 603-027-00-1	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 STOT RE 2, H373 (kidneys) (oral)	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1] [2]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119484627-25 EC: 265-157-1 CAS: 64742-54-7 Index: 649-467-00-8	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119471299-27 EC: 265-169-7 CAS: 64742-65-0 Index: 649-474-00-6	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy	REACH #: 01-2119487080-42 EC: 265-174-4	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

CAS: 64742-70-7  
Index: 649-477-00-2

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Skin contact</b>	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention.
<b>Inhalation</b>	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### Potential acute health effects

<b>Inhalation</b>	May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Ethylene glycol: Ingestion of ethylene glycol can cause metabolic acidosis, kidney damage, central nervous system depression, and convulsions. The estimated human lethal dose is approximately 100 ml (3.4 ounces for an adult).
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation. Based on data available for this or related materials.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<b>Notes to physician</b>	Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.
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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Use foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

<b>Hazards from the substance or mixture</b>	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** Combustion products may include the following:  
 carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)  
 metal oxide/oxides  
 phosphorus oxides  
 sulphur oxides (SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, etc.)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special precautions for fire-fighters**

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel**

Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders**

Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill**

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
 See Section 5 for firefighting measures.  
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
 See Section 12 for environmental precautions.  
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene**

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Not suitable

Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

#### Recommendations

See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<b>Limit values (Belgium). [Olie]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<b>Limit values (Belgium). [Olie]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated	<b>Limit values (Belgium). [Olie]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	<b>Limit values (Belgium). [Olie]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	<b>Limit values (Belgium). [Olie]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist
Ethylene glycol	<b>Limit values (Belgium). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Aerosol TWA: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Aerosol Limit value - M: 40 ppm Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Aerosol Limit value - M: 104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Aerosol
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<b>Limit values (Belgium). [Olie]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<b>Limit values (Belgium). [Olie]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy	<b>Limit values (Belgium). [Olie]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 10/2002 Form: Mist

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

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**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

**Recommended monitoring procedures**

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Biological exposure indices**

**Product/ingredient name**

**Exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

**Derived No Effect Level**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Ethylene glycol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation -	35 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal -	106 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation -	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal -	53 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

**Predicted No Effect Concentration**

No PNECs available

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Respiratory protection**

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

**Eye/face protection**

Chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

**General Information:**

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

Wear suitable gloves.  
Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

**Breakthrough time:**

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.

It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

### Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times.

Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.

- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

### Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

### Refer to standards:

Respiratory protection: EN 529  
Gloves: EN 420, EN 374  
Eye protection: EN 166  
Filtering half-mask: EN 149  
Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405  
Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter  
Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter  
Particulate filters: EN 143  
Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

**Physical state** Liquid.  
**Colour** Brown.  
**Odour** Hydrocarbon.  
**Odour threshold** Not available.  
**Melting point/freezing point** Not available.  
**Initial boiling point and boiling range** Not available.  
**Flammability** Not available.  
**Lower and upper explosion limit** Not available.

**Flash point** Closed cup: 160°C (320°F) [Pensky-Martens]

**Auto-ignition temperature**

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Alkyl phenol	379 to 389	714.2 to 732.2	
Polybutene (Isobutylene/butene copolymer)	215	419	EU A.15
Ethylene glycol	398	748.4	

**Decomposition temperature** Not available.  
**pH** Not applicable.

**Kinematic viscosity** Kinematic: 4031 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (4031 cSt) at 40°C  
 Kinematic: 98 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (98 cSt) at 100°C

**Solubility**

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

**Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)** Not applicable.

**Vapour pressure**

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Polybutene (Isobutylene/butene copolymer)	5.10043	0.68		13.05111	1.7	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	<0.07501	<0.01	ASTM D 5191			
Ethylene glycol	0.09226	0.012				

**Density and/or Relative density** 1071 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (1.071 g/cm<sup>3</sup>) at 15°C

**Relative vapour density** Not available.

**Particle characteristics**

**Median particle size** Not applicable.

**9.2 Other information**

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

**Explosive properties** Not available.

**Oxidising properties** Not available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	The product is stable.
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result / Route	Test authority / Number	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	OECD 403	Rat	>2.18 mg/l	4 hours	Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Oral	OECD 401	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
Ethylene glycol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	-	Rat	>2.5 mg/l	6 hours	-
	LD50 Dermal	-	Mouse	>3500 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	-	Rat	7712 mg/kg	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	OECD 403	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours	Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	LD50 Oral	OECD 401	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	OECD 403	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	-
	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.

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LD50 Oral	OECD	401	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
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**Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
R13727A Ethylene glycol	46259.4 500	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

**Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Route / Result	Test concentration	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	OECD 405	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Non-irritant to skin.	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
Ethylene glycol	-	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	-	-
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Non-irritant to skin.	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 405	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 404	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	OECD 405	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Non-irritant to skin.	-	Based on studies with similar substances.

**Sensitiser**

Product/ingredient name	Route	Test authority / Test number	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	skin	OECD 406	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	Based on studies with similar substances.
Ethylene glycol	skin	OECD 406	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	skin	OECD 406	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	skin	OECD 406	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	Based on studies with similar substances.

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Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Cell	Type	Result	Remarks	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
Ethylene glycol	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	-	Experiment: In vivo	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.

**Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Route	Exposure	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 451	Mouse	Dermal	-	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	OECD 451	Mouse	Dermal	-	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Route	Exposure	Developmental	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	OECD 421	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
Ethylene glycol	-	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	Negative	Negative	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 421	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	OECD 421	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on studies with similar substances.

**Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Conclusion/Summary**

Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Conclusion/Summary**

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

**Potential acute health effects**

**Inhalation**

May give off gas, vapour or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.

**Ingestion**

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Ethylene glycol: Ingestion of ethylene glycol can cause metabolic acidosis, kidney damage, central nervous system depression, and convulsions. The estimated human lethal dose is approximately 100 ml (3.4 ounces for an adult).

**Skin contact**

Causes skin irritation. Based on data available for this or related materials.

**Eye contact**

Causes serious eye damage.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Inhalation**

May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.

**Ingestion**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

**Skin contact**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

**Eye contact**

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**

**Inhalation**

Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

**Ingestion**

Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

**Skin contact**

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Eye contact**

Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

**Potential chronic health effects**

**General**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (kidney)

**Carcinogenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**

Birth defects and decreased fetal weight have been observed in laboratory animals fed ethylene glycol in large amounts repeatedly during pregnancy.

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**SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Fertility effects** May damage fertility.

**11.2 Information on other hazards**

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

May cause endocrine disruption.

**11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1 Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Type / Result	Exposure	Effects	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	OECD 201	Algae	Acute EL50 >100 mg/l	72 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 202	Daphnia	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	48 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 203	Fish	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	96 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 201	Algae	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	72 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 211	Daphnia	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	21 days	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
Ethylene glycol	OECD 201	Algae	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
	OECD 202	Daphnia	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	48 hours	-	-
	-	Fish	Acute LC50 >1000 mg/l	96 hours	-	-
	OECD 201	Algae	Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 201	Algae	Acute EL50 >100 mg/l	72 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 202	Daphnia	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	48 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 203	Fish	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	96 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD 201	Algae	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	72 hours	-	Based on data

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							available for this or related materials.
	OECD	211	Daphnia	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	21 days	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	OECD	201	Algae	Acute EL50 >100 mg/l	72 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD	202	Daphnia	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	48 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD	203	Fish	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	96 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD	201	Algae	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	72 hours	-	Based on studies with similar substances.
	OECD	211	Daphnia	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	21 days	-	Based on studies with similar substances.

**Environmental hazards** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

Not expected to be rapidly degradable.

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Result - Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic	OECD 301F	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on studies with similar substances.
Ethylene glycol	OECD 301A	>90 % - Readily - 10 days	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on studies with similar substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on studies with similar substances.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	6.1	-	High
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	0.56	-	Low
ethanediol	-1.36	-	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

Not available.

Mobility

Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

May cause endocrine disruption.

Other ecological information

Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Methods of disposal

Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste

Within the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
13 02 00	waste engine, gear and lubricating oils

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

#### Packaging

Methods of disposal

Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour. Never weld, solder or braze empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Other information

At sea, used or unwanted product should be stored for eventual discharge into port approved waste oil disposal facilities.

References

Commission 2014/955/EU  
Directive 2008/98/EC

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-

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**SECTION 14: Transport information**

<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	-	-	-	-

**14.6 Special precautions for user** Not available.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** Not available.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

<b>Ingredient name</b>	<b>Intrinsic property</b>	<b>Status</b>	<b>Reference number</b>	<b>Date of revision</b>
Alkyl phenol	Toxic to reproduction	Candidate	D(2021) 4569-DC	-
Alkyl phenol	Endocrine disrupting properties for human health	Candidate	D(2021) 4569-DC	-
Alkyl phenol	Endocrine disrupting properties for environment	Candidate	D(2021) 4569-DC	-

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

<b>Product/ingredient name</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>Designation [Usage]</b>
R13727A	95-100	3
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	5-10	30
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	<0.001	70
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	<0.001	70
lead powder [particle diameter < 1 mm]	<0.0001	72

**Labelling** Restricted to professional users.

**Other regulations**

**REACH Status**

The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the current requirements of REACH.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)**

All components are active or exempted.

**Australia inventory (AIC)**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada inventory**

All components are listed or exempted.

**China inventory (IECSC)**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory (CSCL)**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Korea inventory (KECI)**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**

All components are listed or exempted.

**Explosive precursors** Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

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**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

**Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)**

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**EU - Water framework directive - Priority substances**

None of the components are listed.

**Seveso Directive**

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment
- CSR = Chemical Safety Report
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ES = Exposure Scenario
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- EWC = European Waste Catalogue
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
- SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
- STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
- STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
- TWA = Time weighted average
- UN = United Nations
- UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance
- VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4 / RRN 01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN 01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN 01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN 01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 / RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN 01-2119474889-13

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

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**SECTION 16: Other information**

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 1B, H360F Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method Expert judgment

<b>Full text of abbreviated H statements</b>	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	H360F	May damage fertility.
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

<b>Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]</b>	Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
	Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
	Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
	Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
	Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
	Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
	Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
	Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2

**History**

<b>Date of issue/ Date of revision</b>	02/07/2025.
<b>Date of previous issue</b>	04/01/2023.
<b>Prepared by</b>	Product Stewardship

 **Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.**

**Notice to reader**

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The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

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<b>Product name</b> R13727A	<b>Product code</b> 469425-BE26	<b>Page:</b> 19/22
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## Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

### Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	469425-BE26
Product name	R13727A

### Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario	Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates - Industrial - H360-E-E6.1x0.67 (i)
List of use descriptors	<b>Identified use name:</b> Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates-Industrial <b>Process Category:</b> PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC05 <b>Sector of end use:</b> SU03 <b>Subsequent service life relevant for that use:</b> No. <b>Environmental Release Category:</b> ERC02 <b>Specific Environmental Release Category:</b> ATIEL-ATC SPERC 2.Ei.v1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.
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### Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

#### Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

##### Product characteristics:

Physical state:	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
Concentration of substance in product:	Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)
Frequency and duration of use:	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
Other conditions affecting workers exposure:	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

#### Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures (Reproductive toxin):

Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases.  
Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment.  
Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely.

Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks.

Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures.

Consider the need for risk-based health surveillance.

General measures applicable to all activities :

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Filling of equipment from drums or containers:

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.

Process sampling:

R13727A

**Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates - Industrial - H360-E-E6.1x0.67 (i)**

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Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:

Store substance within a closed system.

## Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

**EU tonnage of risk determining substance per year:** 3.02E+02 Tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use:

**Emission days** 300

Environment factors not influenced by risk management:

**Local freshwater dilution factor** 10

**Local marine water dilution factor** 100

**Other conditions affecting environmental exposure:** Water-based (oil in water emulsion) or straight oil (contains no water) process

**Release fraction to air (after typical onsite RMMs)** 5.00E-05

**Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs)** 0

**Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before sewage treatment plan)** 2.00E-11

**Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release:** Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

**Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:** Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant

**Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site:**

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant:

**Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment** 69

**Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m<sup>3</sup>/d)** 2.00E+3

**Maximum allowable site tonnage (M<sub>Safe</sub>) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product:** 11.39

**Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:** External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

**Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:** External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

## Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

**Exposure assessment (environment):** Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

### Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

**Exposure assessment (human):** The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

## Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

<b>Environment</b>	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see <a href="http://www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES">www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES</a>
<b>Health</b>	Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.