

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	Hysol MB 50
UFI:	 E35-007F-D005-9659
Product code	465450-FR01
SDS #	465450
Product type	Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates-Industrial
Use of lubricants in high energy open processes-Industrial
Use of lubricants in high energy open processes-Professional

Use of the substance/ mixture	Metalworking fluid - soluble. For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
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1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Castrol Holdings Europe B.V., d'Arcyweg 76, 3198NA Europoort Rotterdam
	BP Italia S.p.A. Sede Legale via G.De Castilla 23 20124 Milano (Mi), Italia
	+39 (0)800 906347
E-mail address	MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER Italy Poison Center

Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24/7)

1. CAV, Azienda ospedaliera "Antonio Cardarelli", III Servizio di anestesia e rianimazione, via Antonio Cardarelli 9, Napoli – Tel: 081-5453333;
2. CAV, Azienda ospedaliera universitaria Careggi, U.O. Tossicologia medica, via Largo Brambilla 3, Firenze – Tel: 055-7947819;
3. CAV, Centro nazionale d'informazione tossicologica, IRCCS Fondazione Salvatore Maugeri Clinica del lavoro e della riabilitazione, via Salvatore Maugeri 10, Pavia – Tel: 0382-24444;
4. CAV, Azienda ospedaliera Niguarda Ca' Grande, piazza Ospedale Maggiore 3, Milano -Tel: 02-66101029;
5. CAV, Azienda ospedaliera "Papa Giovanni XXIII", tossicologia clinica, Dipartimento di farmacia clinica e farmacologia, piazza OMS 1, Bergamo- Tel: 800883300;
6. CAV "Umberto I", PRGM tossicologia d'urgenza, viale del Policlinico 155, Roma – Tel: 06-49978000;
7. CAV del Policlinico "Agostino Gemelli", Servizio di tossicologia clinica, largo Agostino Gemelli 8, Roma- Tel: 06-3054343;
8. CAV, Azienda ospedaliera universitaria riuniti, viale Luigi Pinto 1, Foggia- Tel: 800183459;
9. CAV, Ospedale pediatrico Bambino Gesù, Dipartimento emergenza e accettazione DEA, piazza Sant'Onofrio 4, Roma – Tel: 06 68593726;
10. CAV dell'Azienda ospedaliera universitaria integrata (AOUI) di Verona sede di Borgo Trento, piazzale Aristide Stefani, 1 - 37126 Verona -Tel: 800011858.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315
 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
 Repr. 1B, H360FD
 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Additional information CLP: Not classified as hazardous when diluted below 30%.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

UFI: E35-007F-D005-9659

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements
 H315 - Causes skin irritation.
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
 H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
 H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention
 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.
 P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
 P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response
 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
 P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients Boric acid

Supplemental label elements Not applicable.

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Restricted to professional users.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Product meets the criteria for endocrine disrupting properties according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

This substance/mixture does not contain any components that are considered to have endocrine disrupting properties.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Defatting to the skin.
This product contains complex ionic mixtures within the fluid matrix which are an intrinsic part of the product and cannot be separated from the fluid matrix. Toxicology testing has shown the ionic-mixture containing products exhibit skin and eye irritation properties that are notably attenuated when compared to the individual acid and base components.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product definition Mixture

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract <3%), emulsifiers and additives.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
2-Amino-2-methylpropanol	REACH #: 01-2119475788-16 EC: 204-709-8 CAS: 124-68-5 Index: 603-070-00-6	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]
dicyclohexylamine	REACH #: 01-2119493354-33 EC: 202-980-7 CAS: 101-83-7 Index: 612-066-00-3	≤10	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate 2-aminobutan-1-ol	CAS: 39464-69-2 REACH #: 01-2119492338-28 EC: 202-488-2 CAS: 96-20-8	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	- ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1	[1]
neodecanoic acid	REACH #: 01-2119449554-33 EC: 248-093-9 CAS: 26896-20-8	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
Boric acid	REACH #: 01-2119486683-25 EC: 233-139-2 CAS: 10043-35-3 Index: 005-007-00-2	≤3	Repr. 1B, H360FD	-	[1] [2]
undecanedioic acid	REACH #: 01-2119983505-29 EC: 217-440-6 CAS: 1852-04-6	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1]
Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated	EC: 500-153-8 CAS: 61791-26-2	≤1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with carcinogenic, mutagenic or reproductive toxicity properties

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water if person is conscious. Get medical attention immediately.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation	Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide) nitrogen oxides (NO, NO ₂ etc.) phosphorus oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 5 for firefighting measures.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 12 for environmental precautions.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. During metal working, solid particles from workpieces or tools will contaminate the fluid and may cause abrasions of the skin. Where such abrasions result in a penetration of the skin, first aid treatment should be applied as soon as reasonably possible. The presence of certain metals in the workpiece or tool, such as chromium, cobalt and nickel, can contaminate the metalworking fluid and as a result may induce allergic skin reactions. Evaporation of water from soluble cutting fluids during use may lead to an increase in concentration which may result in the development of skin conditions due to irritation and defatting. It is important to monitor fluid strength on a regular basis with a refractometer and maintain it at the recommended concentration. Lubricants from other sources and other contaminants should be minimised. Swarf and other debris should be removed.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Protect from freezing. Store locked up. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Not suitable Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits No exposure limit value known.

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name

Exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

Result

 amino-2-methylpropanol

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

6.5 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

7.3 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

1.6 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

37 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.46 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

dicyclohexylamine

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.353 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

2-aminobutan-1-ol

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.4 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1.31 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.34 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

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undecanedioic acid

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.66 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

70 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

10 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

17.4 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. For protection against metal working fluids, respiratory protection that is classified as "resistant to oil" (class R) or oil proof (class P) should be selected where appropriate. Depending on the level of airborne contaminants, an air-purifying, half-mask respirator (with HEPA filter) including disposable (P- or R-series) (for oil mists less than 50mg/m³), or any powered, air-purifying respirator equipped with hood or helmet and HEPA filter (for oil mists less than 125 mg/m³). Where organic vapours are a potential hazard during metalworking operations, a combination particulate and organic vapour filter may be necessary. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

General Information:

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of

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a full assessment of the working conditions.

Wear suitable gloves.
Recommended: Nitrile gloves.
Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.
It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times. Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.

- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Refer to standards:

Respiratory protection: EN 529
Gloves: EN 420, EN 374
Eye protection: EN 166
Filtering half-mask: EN 149
Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405
Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter
Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter
Particulate filters: EN 143
Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

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Environmental exposure controls Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid.
Colour Yellow. [Light]
Odour Unfragranced
Odour threshold Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.
Flammability Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit Not available.
Flash point Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [Estimated. Water content interferes with flash point determination.]

Auto-ignition temperature	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	Amino-2-methylpropanol	438	820.4	ASTM D 2161
	dicyclohexylamine	255	491	
	neodecanoic acid	375	707	ASTM E 659
	2,2',2"-nitrioltriethanol	324	615.2	

Decomposition temperature Not available.
pH 9.65 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]
Kinematic viscosity Kinematic: 70 mm²/s (70 cSt) at 40°C
Solubility

Media	Result
water	Emulsifies in water.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not applicable.
Vapour pressure <0.01 kPa
Density and/or Relative density <1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 15°C
Relative vapour density Not available.
Particle characteristics
Median particle size Not applicable.
9.2 Other information
Evaporation rate Not available.
Explosive properties Not available.
Oxidising properties Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.
10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat.
10.5 Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.
 Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Result

2-amino-2-methylpropanol

Rat - Oral - LD50
2900 mg/kg
OECD 401

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
>2000 mg/kg
OECD 402

dicyclohexylamine

Rat - Oral - LD50
200 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
200 to 316 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour
>1.4 mg/l [6 hours]

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate

Rat - Oral - LD50
>2000 mg/kg

2-aminobutan-1-ol

Rat - Oral - LD50
1800 mg/kg
OECD 401

boric acid

Rat - Oral - LD50
3000 to 4000 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
>2000 mg/kg

undecanedioic acid

Rat - Oral - LD50
>5000 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
>6000 mg/kg

Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated

Rat - Oral - LD50
500 mg/kg
Equivalent to OECD

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Hysol MB 50	N/A	5081.9	N/A	N/A	N/A
dicyclohexylamine	100	300	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminobutan-1-ol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

Result

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

2-amino-2-methylpropanol	Rabbit - Skin - Irritant
dicyclohexylamine	Rabbit - Skin - Corrosive
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate	Rabbit - Skin - Irritant
2-aminobutan-1-ol	Rabbit - Skin - Corrosive
undecanedioic acid	Rabbit - Skin - Not irritant OECD 404
Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated	Rabbit - Skin - Not irritant

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
dicyclohexylamine	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
undecanedioic acid	Rabbit - Eyes - Irritant OECD 405
Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	Guinea pig - skin OECD 406 Result: Not sensitising
2-aminobutan-1-ol	Guinea pig - skin Result: Not sensitising
undecanedioic acid	Guinea pig - skin OECD 406 Result: Not sensitising

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	In vitro - Bacteria OECD 471 Result: Negative
	In vitro - Mammalian-Human OECD 476 Result: Negative
	In vivo - Mammalian-Human OECD 474 Result: Negative
dicyclohexylamine	In vitro - Bacteria Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test Result: Negative
	In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	<u>Result:</u> Negative
	In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test <u>Result:</u> Negative
	In vivo - Mammal - species unspecified Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test <u>Result:</u> Negative
2-aminobutan-1-ol	In vitro - Bacteria Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test <u>Result:</u> Negative
	In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test <u>Result:</u> Negative
	In vivo - Mammal - species unspecified Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test <u>Result:</u> Negative
undecanedioic acid	In vitro - Bacteria Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test <u>Result:</u> Negative
	In vitro - Mammal - species unspecified <u>Result:</u> Negative
	In vivo - Mammal - species unspecified <u>Result:</u> Negative

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name

2-amino-2-methylpropanol

Result

Rat - Oral

OECD 443

Maternal toxicity: Negative

Fertility effects: Negative

Developmental: Negative

dicyclohexylamine

Rat - Oral

OECD 421

Maternal toxicity: Positive

Fertility effects: Negative

Developmental: Negative

2-aminobutan-1-ol

Rat - Oral

OECD 422

Maternal toxicity: Positive

Fertility effects: Negative

Developmental: Negative

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.
Potential acute health effects	
Inhalation	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Ingestion	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Inhalation	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	
Inhalation	Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.
Potential chronic health effects	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	Not available.
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	May damage the unborn child.
Fertility effects	May damage fertility.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Conclusion/Summary [Product] This substance/mixture does not contain any components that are considered to have endocrine disrupting properties.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	Acute - ErC50 OECD 201 Algae >100 mg/l [72 hours]
	Acute - LC50 OECD 202 Daphnia >100 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - LC50 OECD 203 Fish >100 mg/l [96 hours]
	Chronic - NOEC OECD 201

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	Algae 6.6 mg/l [72 hours]
dicyclohexylamine	<p>Acute - ErC50 OECD 201 Algae 1 mg/l [72 hours]</p> <p>Acute - EC50 DIN 38412 Part 11 Daphnia 43 mg/l [48 hours]</p> <p>Acute - LC50 OECD 203 Fish 62 mg/l [96 hours]</p> <p>Acute - EC50 DIN 38412 Part 8 Micro-organism 201 mg/l [17 hours]</p> <p>Chronic - NOEC OECD 201 Daphnia 2 mg/l [72 hours]</p> <p>Chronic - NOEC OECD 211 Fish 0.016 mg/l [21 days]</p>
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate	<p>Acute - LC50 Fish >100 mg/l [96 hours]</p>
2-aminobutan-1-ol	<p>Acute - ErC50 OECD 201 Algae 0.91 mg/l [72 hours]</p> <p>Acute - ErC50 OECD 202 Daphnia 115 mg/l [48 hours]</p> <p>Acute - LC50 OECD 203 Fish 270 mg/l [96 hours]</p> <p>Acute - EC50 OECD 209 Micro-organism 329.2 mg/l [3 hours]</p> <p>Chronic - EC50 OECD 201 Algae 0.05 mg/l [72 hours]</p>
undecanedioic acid	<p>Acute - EL50 ISO 10253 Algae 38.7 mg/l [72 hours]</p> <p>Acute - EC50 OECD 202 Daphnia >100 mg/l [48 hours]</p>

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Acute - LC50

OECD 203
Fish
>100 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC20

ISO 8192
Micro-organism
>1000 mg/l [3 hours]

Chronic - NOEC

ISO 10253
Algae
3 mg/l [72 hours]

Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated

Acute - EC50

Daphnia
5.2 mg/l [48 hours]

Acute - LC50

Fish
0.11 to 1 mg/l [96 hours]

Environmental hazards Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

Product/ingredient name

Result

2-amino-2-methylpropanol

OECD 301F
89.3% [28 days] - Readily

dicyclohexylamine

OECD 301D
96% [20 days] - Readily

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate

OECD 302
98% [28 days] - Readily

2-aminobutan-1-ol

OECD 301F
93% [28 days] - Readily

undecanedioic acid

OECD 301D
71% [28 days] - Readily

Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated

OECD 302B
70% [28 days] - Readily

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
dicyclohexylamine	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	-0.63	-	Low
dicyclohexylamine	2.724	-	Low
2-aminobutan-1-ol	-0.45	<100	Low
neodecanoic acid	2.1	-	Low
boric acid	-1.09	-	Low
undecanedioic acid	2.8	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logK _{oc}	K _{oc}
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	0.96	9.07417
dicyclohexylamine	2.54	347.622
2-aminobutan-1-ol	1.22	16.4346
undecanedioic acid	2.6	400.032

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

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Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dicyclohexylamine	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-aminobutan-1-ol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
neodecanoic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
boric acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
undecanedioic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility Liquid. Emulsifies in water.

Conclusion/Summary The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
dicyclohexylamine	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminobutan-1-ol	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
neodecanoic acid	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
boric acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
undecanedioic acid	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
dicyclohexylamine	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(9Z)-9-octadecen-1-yl-ω-hydroxy-, phosphate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-aminobutan-1-ol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
neodecanoic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
boric acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
undecanedioic acid	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Amines, tallow alkyl, ethoxylated	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Conclusion/Summary [Product] This substance/mixture does not contain any components that are considered to have endocrine disrupting properties.

12.7 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

Undiluted fluid Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.
 Diluted Fluid The spent diluted fluid comprises a relatively stable emulsion. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor or by other suitable waste treatment techniques (e.g. emulsion splitting, coagulation and filtration) approved by the local authority. Spent fluid should never be disposed of down the drain. The aqueous phase should not be discharged into sewage systems unless provided for by local regulations; the non-aqueous

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

phase should be disposed of as undiluted fluid. Note that separated aqueous solutions or effluents may contain metal salts as well as traces of oil and must be checked for conformity in these respects against consents given by the authorities before disposal. Further treatment may be required.

Hazardous waste

Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
12 01 07*	mineral-based machining oils free of halogens (except emulsions and solutions)
12 01 09*	machining emulsions and solutions free of halogens

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Waste code	European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour. Never weld, solder or braze empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

References

Commission 2014/955/EU
Directive 2008/98/EC

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not available.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Intrinsic property	Status	Reference number	Date of revision
Boric acid	Toxic to reproduction	Recommended	ED/69/2013	7/1/2015

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
Hysol MB 50	95-100	3 30
boric acid	1-5	30
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	<0.0001	70
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	<0.0001	70
dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	<0.0001	70

Labelling Restricted to professional users.

Other regulations

REACH Status The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the current requirements of REACH.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are active or exempted.

Australia inventory (AIC) At least one component is not listed.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (CSCL) All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS) At least one component is not listed.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI) All components are listed or exempted.

Explosive precursors Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

EU - Water framework directive - Priority substances

None of the components are listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

15.2 Chemical safety assessment A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment CSR = Chemical Safety Report DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
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SECTION 16: Other information

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
 ES = Exposure Scenario
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
 EWC = European Waste Catalogue
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
 REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]
 RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
 RRN = REACH Registration Number
 SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
 SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
 STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
 STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
 TWA = Time weighted average
 UN = United Nations
 UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance
 VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
 Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4/ RRN 01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN 01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN 01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN 01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 / RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN 01-2119474889-13

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 1B, H360FD Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Expert judgment Expert judgment Calculation method Expert judgment

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

History

Date of issue/ Date of revision 29/09/2025.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Date of previous issue 25/10/2024.
Prepared by Product Stewardship

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	465450-FR01
Product name	Hysol MB 50

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario	Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates - Industrial
List of use descriptors	<p>Identified use name: Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates-Industrial</p> <p>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC05</p> <p>Sector of end use: SU03</p> <p>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.</p> <p>Environmental Release Category: ERC02</p> <p>Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 2.Ei.v1</p>

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.
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Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state:	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
Concentration of substance in product:	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
Frequency and duration of use:	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure:	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures (carcinogens):

Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases. Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment.

Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely.

Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks.

Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures.

Consider the need for risk-based health surveillance.

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Filling of equipment from drums or containers:

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours.

Process sampling:

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:

Hysol MB 50

Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates - Industrial

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:
Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:	3.02E+02 Tonnes/year
EU tonnage of risk determining substance per year:	3.02E+02 Tonnes/year
Frequency and duration of use:	
Emission days	300
Environment factors not influenced by risk management:	
Local freshwater dilution factor	10
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure:	Water-based (oil in water emulsion) or straight oil (contains no water) process
Release fraction to air (after typical onsite RMMs)	5.00E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs)	0
Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before sewage treatment plan)	No data available yet
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release:	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.
Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:	Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site:	Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.
Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment	No data available yet
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m³/d)	2.00E+3
Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product:	No data available yet
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:	External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES

Health

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	465450-FR01
Product name	Hysol MB 50

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario	Use of lubricants in high energy open processes - Industrial
List of use descriptors	<p>Identified use name: Use of lubricants in high energy open processes-Industrial</p> <p>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC17</p> <p>Sector of end use: SU03</p> <p>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.</p> <p>Environmental Release Category: ERC04</p> <p>Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Fi.v1</p>

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	Covers use of lubricants in high energy open processes, e.g. In high speed machinery such as metal rolling/forming or metal working fluids for machining and grinding. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.
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Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state:	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
Concentration of substance in product:	Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)
Frequency and duration of use:	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure:	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures (carcinogens):

Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases. Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment.

Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely.

Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks.

Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures.

Consider the need for risk-based health surveillance.

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Filling of equipment from drums or containers:

No specific measures identified.

Metal machining operations:

Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.

Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipment:
Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour).

Automated metal rolling/forming Use in contained systems Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature):
No other specific measures identified.

Semi-automated metal rolling/forming Open systems Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature):
Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:
Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.
Storage:
Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance per year: 2.05E+02 Tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days 300

Environment factors not influenced by risk management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10

Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure: Water-based (oil in water emulsion) or straight oil (contains no water) process

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite RMMs) 5.00E-05

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs) 0

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before sewage treatment plan) Not available.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release:

Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site:

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m³/d) 2.00E+3

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product: Not available.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES

Health

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Professional

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	465450-FR01
Product name	Hysol MB 50

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario	Use of lubricants in high energy open processes - Professional
List of use descriptors	<p>Identified use name: Use of lubricants in high energy open processes-Professional</p> <p>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC17</p> <p>Sector of end use: SU22</p> <p>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.</p> <p>Environmental Release Category: ERC08a</p> <p>Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SpERC 8.7c.v1</p>

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	Covers use of lubricants in high energy open processes, e.g. In high speed machinery such as metal rolling/forming or metal working fluids for machining and grinding. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.
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Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state:	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
Concentration of substance in product:	Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)
Frequency and duration of use:	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure:	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures (carcinogens):

Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases.
Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment.

Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely.

Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks.

Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures.

Consider the need for risk-based health surveillance.

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Filling of equipment from drums or containers:

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour per day.

Metal machining operations:

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Hysol MB 50

Use of lubricants in high energy open processes - Professional

Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipment:
 Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A filter or better. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:
 Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A filter or better. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:
 Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance per year: 2.05E+02 Tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days 365

Environment factors not influenced by risk management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10

Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other operational conditions of use affecting environmental exposure: Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite RMMs) 5.00E-05

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs) 1E-03

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before sewage treatment plan) Not available.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release: Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil: Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m³/d) 2.00E+3

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product: Not available.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES
Health	Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.