

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	Alusol ABF 47
UFI:	07W4-J0HV-A00H-NM6N
Product code	466973-DE52
SDS #	466973
Product type	Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses
Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates-Industrial
Use of lubricants in high energy open processes-Industrial
Use of lubricants in high energy open processes-Professional

Use of the substance/ mixture	Metalworking fluid - soluble. For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
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1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Castrol Holdings Europe B.V., d'Arcyweg 76, 3198NA Europoort Rotterdam
	Castrol CEE sp z.o.o., Ul. Grzybowska 62, 00 844 Warszawa
	+48 (0)800 121 4817
E-mail address	MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY	112
TELEPHONE NUMBER	Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24/7)
Poland Poison Center	+ 48 22 582 65 80 (toxicology information)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	

Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Skin Sens. 1, H317
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

UFI:	07W4-J0HV-A00H-NM6N
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Warning

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<div><div></div><div>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</div><div>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</div><div>H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</div></div>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<div><div></div><div>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</div><div>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</div><div>P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.</div><div>P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</div></div>
Response	<div><div></div><div>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</div><div>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.</div><div>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.</div><div>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</div><div>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.</div></div>
Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	<div><div></div><div>n-butyl-benzo[d]isothiazol-3-one</div><div>1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one</div><div>3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-</div></div>
Supplemental label elements	<div><div></div><div>Not applicable.</div></div>
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirements	
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Defatting to the skin.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product definition		Mixture			
Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract <3%), emulsifiers and additives.					
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
n-phenoxypropan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119486566-23 EC: 212-222-7 CAS: 770-35-4	≤10	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1]
sulphonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	REACH #: 01-2119527859-22 EC: 271-781-5 CAS: 68608-26-4	≤5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1]
Alcohols, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., ethoxylated	REACH #: 01-2119489407-26	≤5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	EC: 500-236-9 CAS: 68920-66-1 REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	≤5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
2-Phenoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119488943-21 EC: 204-589-7 CAS: 122-99-6 Index: 603-098-00-9	<3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Oral] = 1394 mg/kg	[1] [2]
2-n-butyl-benzo[d]isothiazol-3-one	EC: 420-590-7 CAS: 4299-07-4 Index: 606-079-00-3	≤0.3	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	REACH #: 01-2120761540-60 EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 450 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.21 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.036% M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	REACH #: 01-2120764690-50 EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4 Index: 613-326-00-9	<0.1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water if person is conscious. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	
Inhalation	Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide) metal oxide/oxides sulphur oxides (SO, SO ₂ , etc.)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 5 for firefighting measures. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 12 for environmental precautions. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. During metal working, solid particles from workpieces or tools will contaminate the fluid and may cause abrasions of the skin. Where such abrasions result in a penetration of the skin, first aid treatment should be applied as soon as reasonably possible. The presence of certain metals in the workpiece or tool, such as chromium, cobalt and nickel, can contaminate the metalworking fluid and as a result may induce allergic skin reactions. Evaporation of water from soluble cutting fluids during use may lead to an increase in concentration which may result in the development of skin conditions due to irritation and defatting. It is important to monitor fluid strength on a regular basis with a refractometer and maintain it at the recommended concentration. Lubricants from other sources and other contaminants should be minimised. Swarf and other debris should be removed.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 40°C (41 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Protect from freezing. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum allowable concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2018, item 1286, as amended) (Poland). TWA: 67 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 8/2018 STEL: 100 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 8/2018
2-Phenoxyethanol	Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum allowable concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2018, item 1286, as amended) (Poland).

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protectionTWA: 230 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 8/2018

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Biological exposure indices**Product/ingredient name****Exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Derived No Effect Level

No DNELs/DMELs available.

Predicted No Effect Concentration

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls**Appropriate engineering controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Individual protection measures**Hygiene measures**

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

For protection against metal working fluids, respiratory protection that is classified as "resistant to oil" (class R) or oil proof (class P) should be selected where appropriate. Depending on the level of airborne contaminants, an air-purifying, half-mask respirator (with HEPA filter) including disposable (P- or R-series) (for oil mists less than 50mg/m³), or any powered, air-purifying respirator equipped with hood or helmet and HEPA filter (for oil mists less than 125 mg/m³). Where organic vapours are a potential hazard during metalworking operations, a combination particulate and organic vapour filter may be necessary.

The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection**Hand protection****General Information:**

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.

It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times. Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Refer to standards:

Respiratory protection: EN 529
 Gloves: EN 420, EN 374
 Eye protection: EN 166
 Filtering half-mask: EN 149
 Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405
 Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter
 Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter
 Particulate filters: EN 143
 Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.																																	
Colour	Brown.																																	
Odour	Characteristic.																																	
Odour threshold	Not available.																																	
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.																																	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	100°C (>212°F)																																	
Flammability	Not available.																																	
Lower and upper explosion limit	Not available.																																	
Flash point	Open cup: >100°C (>212°F) [DIN EN ISO 2592]																																	
Auto-ignition temperature	<table><tr><th>Ingredient name</th><th>°C</th><th>°F</th><th>Method</th></tr><tr><td>1-phenoxypropan-2-ol</td><td>480</td><td>896</td><td>DIN 51794</td></tr><tr><td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol</td><td>210</td><td>410</td><td>DIN 51794</td></tr><tr><td>2-Phenoxyethanol</td><td>500</td><td>932</td><td></td></tr></table>	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	1-phenoxypropan-2-ol	480	896	DIN 51794	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794	2-Phenoxyethanol	500	932																		
Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method																															
1-phenoxypropan-2-ol	480	896	DIN 51794																															
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794																															
2-Phenoxyethanol	500	932																																
Decomposition temperature	Not available.																																	
pH	9.4 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]																																	
Kinematic viscosity	Kinematic: 218 mm²/s (218 cSt) at 20°C (DIN EN ISO 3104)																																	
Solubility	<table><tr><th>Media</th><th>Result</th></tr><tr><td>Water</td><td>Miscible in water.</td></tr></table>	Media	Result	Water	Miscible in water.																													
Media	Result																																	
Water	Miscible in water.																																	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/ water (log value)	Not applicable.																																	
Vapour pressure	<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Ingredient name</th><th colspan="2">Vapour Pressure at 20°C</th><th colspan="3">Vapour pressure at 50°C</th></tr><tr><th>mm Hg</th><th>kPa</th><th>Method</th><th>mm Hg</th><th>kPa</th><th>Method</th></tr><tr><td>1-phenoxypropan-2-ol</td><td>0.0075</td><td>0.001</td><td>EU A.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol</td><td>0.022</td><td>0.0029</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>2-Phenoxyethanol</td><td>0.0075</td><td>0.001</td><td>EU A.4</td><td>0.13501</td><td>0.018</td><td>EU A.4</td></tr></table>	Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	1-phenoxypropan-2-ol	0.0075	0.001	EU A.4				2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol	0.022	0.0029					2-Phenoxyethanol	0.0075	0.001	EU A.4	0.13501	0.018	EU A.4
Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C																															
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method																												
1-phenoxypropan-2-ol	0.0075	0.001	EU A.4																															
2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol	0.022	0.0029																																
2-Phenoxyethanol	0.0075	0.001	EU A.4	0.13501	0.018	EU A.4																												
Density and/or Relative density	1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 15°C																																	
Relative vapour density	Not available.																																	
Particle characteristics																																		
Median particle size	Not applicable.																																	
9.2 Other information																																		
Evaporation rate	Not available.																																	
Explosive properties	Not available.																																	
Oxidising properties	Not available.																																	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials. Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result / Route	Test authority / Number	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
2-Phenoxyethanol	LD50 Dermal	-	Rabbit	2251 to 3815 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	-	Rat - Female	1386 mg/kg	-	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Alusol ABF 47	46842.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	84.7
2-Phenoxyethanol	1394	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	450	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.21
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	100	300	N/A	0.5	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitiser

Not available.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary

Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation

No specific data.

Ingestion

No specific data.

Skin contact


Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Eye contact	<div><div></div>Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness</div>
Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure	
Inhalation	Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.
Potential chronic health effects	
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
11.2 Information on other hazards	
11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties	
Not available.	
11.2.2 Other information	
Not available.	

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity


Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Type / Result	Exposure	Effects	Remarks
 n-butyl-benzo[d]isothiazol-3-one	-	-	Daphnia EC50 0.093 mg/l	48 hours	-	-

Environmental hazards

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.


12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not expected to be rapidly degradable.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
 phenoxyethanol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.


Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
 phenoxypropan-2-ol	1.41	-	Low
Alcohols, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., ethoxylated	4.2	-	High
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	Low
2-phenoxyethanol	1.107	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

Not available.

Mobility

 Liquid. Miscible in water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.7 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal Undiluted fluid Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations. Diluted Fluid The spent diluted fluid comprises a relatively stable emulsion. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor or by other suitable waste treatment techniques (e.g. emulsion splitting, coagulation and filtration) approved by the local authority. Spent fluid should never be disposed of down the drain. The aqueous phase should not be discharged into sewage systems unless provided for by local regulations; the non-aqueous phase should be disposed of as undiluted fluid. Note that separated aqueous solutions or effluents may contain metal salts as well as traces of oil and must be checked for conformity in these respects against consents given by the authorities before disposal. Further treatment may be required.

Hazardous waste Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
12 01 07*	mineral-based machining oils free of halogens (except emulsions and solutions)
12 01 09*	machining emulsions and solutions free of halogens

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

Packaging

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Waste code	European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

Special precautions This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour. Never weld, solder or braze empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

References Commission 2014/955/EU
Directive 2008/98/EC

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for user Not available.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Alusol ABF 47	95-100	3
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1-5	55 [Consumer paint]

Labelling

Not applicable.

Other regulations

REACH Status

The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the current requirements of REACH.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

☒ At least one component is not listed.

Australia inventory (AIIIC)

All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC)

All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (CSCL)

☒ All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

☒ Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)

☒ Not determined.

Explosive precursors

☒ Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

EU - Water framework directive - Priority substances

None of the components are listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

References

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006. concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency (OJ. EU L 396 of 30 December 2006. and correcting Acts. Office. EU L 136 of 29 May 2007. with later. amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010. amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

Act of 25 February 2011. chemical substances and mixtures (OJ U.11.63.322)

Regulation of the Minister of Health of 10 August 2012 on the criteria and classification of chemical substances and their mixtures (Journal of Laws 2012, item 1018)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety assessment	A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.
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SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment CSR = Chemical Safety Report DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ES = Exposure Scenario EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement EWC = European Waste Catalogue GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006] RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail RRN = REACH Registration Number SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure TWA = Time weighted average UN = United Nations UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance VOC = Volatile Organic Compound vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4/ RRN 01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN 01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN 01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN 01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 / RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN 01-2119474889-13
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Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H301 H302 H311 H314 H315 H317 H318 H319 H330 H335 H400 Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. Fatal if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
	Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
	Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
	Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
	Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
	Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
	Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
	Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
	Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
	Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
	Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
	STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

History

Date of issue/ Date of revision	16/12/2024.
Date of previous issue	30/08/2023.
Prepared by	Product Stewardship

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

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Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	466973-DE52
Product name	Alusol ABF 47

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario	Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates - Industrial
List of use descriptors	<p>Identified use name: Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates-Industrial</p> <p>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC05</p> <p>Sector of end use: SU03</p> <p>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.</p> <p>Environmental Release Category: ERC02</p> <p>Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 2.Ei.v1</p>

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	Handling and dilution of metal working fluid concentrates. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.
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Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state:	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
Concentration of substance in product:	Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)
Frequency and duration of use:	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
Other conditions affecting workers exposure:	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:
Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Filling of equipment from drums or containers:
Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.

Process sampling:
Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:
Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:
Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:	3.02E+02 Tonnes/year
EU tonnage of risk determining substance per year:	3.02E+02 Tonnes/year
Frequency and duration of use:	
Emission days	300
Environment factors not influenced by risk management:	
Local freshwater dilution factor	10
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Other conditions affecting environmental exposure:	Water-based (oil in water emulsion) or straight oil (contains no water) process
Release fraction to air (after typical onsite RMMs)	5.00E-05
Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs)	0
Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before sewage treatment plan)	No data available
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release:	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.
Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:	Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site:	Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant:	
Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment	No data available
Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m3/d)	2.00E+3
Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product:	No data available
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:	External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES

Health

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	466973-DE52
Product name	Alusol ABF 47

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario	Use of lubricants in high energy open processes - Industrial
List of use descriptors	Identified use name: Use of lubricants in high energy open processes-Industrial Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC17 Sector of end use: SU03 Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC04 Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Fi.v1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	Covers use of lubricants in high energy open processes, e.g. In high speed machinery such as metal rolling/forming or metal working fluids for machining and grinding. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.
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Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa

Concentration of substance in product: Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)

Frequency and duration of use: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Other conditions affecting workers exposure: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Filling of equipment from drums or containers:
No specific measures identified.

Metal machining operations:
Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.

Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipment:
Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour).

Automated metal rolling/forming Use in contained systems Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature):
No other specific measures identified.

Semi-automated metal rolling/forming Open systems Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature):
Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:
Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.
Storage:

Alusol ABF 47

Use of lubricants in high energy open processes - Industrial

Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance per year: 2.05E+02 Tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days 300

Environment factors not influenced by risk management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10

Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure: Water-based (oil in water emulsion) or straight oil (contains no water) process

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite RMMs) 5.00E-05

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs) 0

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before sewage treatment plan) Not available.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release:

Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site:

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m³/d) 2.00E+3

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product: Not available.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Professional

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
Code	466973-DE52
Product name	Alusol ABF 47

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure scenario	Use of lubricants in high energy open processes - Professional
List of use descriptors	<p>Identified use name: Use of lubricants in high energy open processes-Professional</p> <p>Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC17</p> <p>Sector of end use: SU22</p> <p>Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.</p> <p>Environmental Release Category: ERC08a</p> <p>Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SpERC 8.7c.v1</p>

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	Covers use of lubricants in high energy open processes, e.g. In high speed machinery such as metal rolling/forming or metal working fluids for machining and grinding. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.
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Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state:	Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa
Concentration of substance in product:	Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated differently)
Frequency and duration of use:	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours
Other conditions affecting workers exposure:	Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Filling of equipment from drums or containers:

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour per day.

Metal machining operations:

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Operation and lubrication of high energy open equipment:

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A filter or better. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours per day. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A filter or better. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:

Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance per year: 2.05E+02 Tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission days 365

Environment factors not influenced by risk management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10

Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure: Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite RMMs) 5.00E-05

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs) 1E-03

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before sewage treatment plan) Not available.

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release: Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil: Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow rate (m³/d) 2.00E+3

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal as product: Not available.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES

Health

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.