

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	Antifoam S 120
Product code	467441-ZA04
SDS #	467441
Product type	Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/ mixture	Antifoam agent. For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
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1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	BP Southern Africa (Pty)Ltd 199 Oxford Road Oxford Parks Dunkeld, 2196 South Africa
E-mail address	Product Technical Helpdesk: 0800 111 551 MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER	Tygerberg Poison Centre: 0861 555 777 Carechem: +27 21 300 2732 (24/7)
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition	Mixture
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Skin Sens. 1, H317

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.
Response	P391 - Collect spillage. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazardous ingredients	1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-
Supplemental label elements	Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product definition Mixture
Aqueous solution of Polysiloxane derivative.

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	REACH #: 01-2119555270-46 EC: 204-881-4 CAS: 128-37-0	≤0.3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	REACH #: 01-2119511367-43 EC: 208-764-9 CAS: 541-02-6	≤0.3	Not classified.	-	[2] [3]
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	REACH #: 01-2119529238-36 EC: 209-136-7 CAS: 556-67-2 Index: 014-018-00-1	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Chronic] = 10	[1] [2] [3]
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	REACH #: 01-2120761540-60 EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.036	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 450 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.21 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.036% M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	REACH #: 01-2120764690-50 EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4 Index: 613-326-00-9	<0.01	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 100 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 300 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[3] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Skin contact

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Inhalation	Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
Ingestion	Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
Skin contact	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
Eye contact	Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet. The use of a water jet may cause the fire to spread by splashing the burning product.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. This material is toxic to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 5 for firefighting measures.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 12 for environmental precautions.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Product/ingredient name

Exposure limit values

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name

Exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Derived No Effect Level

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects	
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	-	1.76 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	-	0.5 mg/kg bw/ day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	-	0.435 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	-	0.25 mg/kg bw/ day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	-	0.25 mg/kg bw/ day	General population	Systemic
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	DNEL	Long term	-	73 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

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	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	-	73 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	-	13 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	-	13 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	-	3.7 mg/kg bw/ day	General population	Systemic

Predicted No Effect Concentration

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	Fresh water	0.199 µg/l	-
	Marine water	0.02 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	0.17 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.458 mg/l	-
	Marine water sediment	0.046 mg/l	-
	Soil	0.054 mg/l	-
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Fresh water	1.5 µg/l	-
	Marine water	0.15 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	4.2 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

General Information:

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.

It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times.

Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.

- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

Refer to standards:

Respiratory protection: EN 529
Gloves: EN 420, EN 374
Eye protection: EN 166
Filtering half-mask: EN 149
Filtering half-mask with valve: EN 405
Half-mask: EN 140 plus filter
Full-face mask: EN 136 plus filter
Particulate filters: EN 143
Gas/combined filters: EN 14387

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	White.
Odour	Slight
Odour threshold	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Initial boiling point and boiling range	>100°C (>212°F)
Flammability	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	Not available.
Flash point	Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
pH	8
Kinematic viscosity	Dynamic: 2 to 4 Pa·s (2000 to 4000 cP) at 25°C
Solubility	

Media	Result
water	Miscible in water.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Water	17.5	2.3				
polyethylene glycol	0.0000003	0.00000004				

Density and/or Relative density >1000 kg/m³ (>1 g/cm³) at 20°C

Relative vapour density Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

Evaporation rate Not available.

Explosive properties Not available.

Oxidising properties Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result / Route	Test authority / Number	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks	
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-	-	
	LD50 Oral	OECD 401	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-	
	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	LC50 Inhalation	OECD 403	Rat	36 mg/l	4 hours	-
		Dusts and mists					
	LD50 Dermal	OECD 402	Rat	2375 mg/kg	-	-	

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

LD50 Oral OECD 401 Rat 4800 mg/kg - -

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	36
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	450	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.21
3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-	100	300	N/A	0.5	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Route / Result	Test concentration	Remarks
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	OECD 405	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	-	-
	OECD 404	Rabbit	Skin - Non-irritant to skin.	-	-
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	OECD 405	Rabbit	Eyes - Not irritant	-	-
	OECD 404	Rabbit	Skin - Not irritant	-	-

Sensitiser

Product/ingredient name	Route	Test authority / Test number	Species	Result	Remarks
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	skin	OECD 406	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	-
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	skin	OECD 406	Guinea pig	Not sensitising	-

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Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Cell	Type	Result	Remarks	
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	-	Experiment: In vivo	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	-
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	473 In vitro Mammalian Chromosomal Aberration Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	-
	476 In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	-	Experiment: In vitro	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	-
	475 Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosomal Aberration Test	-	Experiment: In vivo	Subject: Mammal - species unspecified	Negative	-

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Route	Exposure	Result	Remarks
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	-	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	-

Reproductive toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Route	Exposure	Developmental	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Remarks
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	OECD 416	Rat	Oral	-	Negative	Positive	Negative	-
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	OECD 416	Rat	Inhalation	-	Negative	Positive	Positive	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary

Not classified. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects**Inhalation**

Vapour inhalation under ambient conditions is not normally a problem due to low vapour pressure.

Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**Inhalation**

May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.

Ingestion

No specific data.

Skin contactAdverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness**Eye contact**

No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**Inhalation**

Overexposure to the inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

Ingestion

Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Skin contact

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye contact

Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Potential chronic health effects**General**

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards**11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1 Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Species	Type / Result	Exposure	Effects	Remarks
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	OECD 201	Algae	Acute EC50 >0.4 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
	OECD 202	Daphnia	Acute EC50 0.48 mg/l	48 hours	-	-
	OECD 203	Fish	Acute LC50 >0.57 mg/l	96 hours	-	-
	OECD 201	Algae	Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l	72 hours	-	-
	OECD 211	Daphnia	Chronic NOEC 0.069 mg/l	21 days	-	-
	OECD 210	Fish	Chronic NOEC 0.053 mg/l	30 days	-	-
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	OECD 202	Daphnia	Acute EC50 >0.015 mg/l	48 hours	-	-

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

OECD	201	Algae	Acute ErC50 >0.022 mg/l	96 hours	-	-
OECD	203	Fish	Acute LC50 >0.022 mg/l	96 hours	-	-
OECD	201	Algae	Chronic ErC10 >0.022 mg/l	96 hours	-	-
OECD	211	Daphnia	Chronic NOEC >0.015 mg/l	21 days	-	-

Environmental hazards Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Test authority / Test number	Result - Exposure	Remarks
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	OECD 301C	4.5 % - Not readily - 28 days	-
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	OECD 310	3.7 % - Not readily - 29 days	-

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	5.1	330 to 1800	High
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	8.023	-	High
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	6.98	-	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) Not available.

Mobility Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
2,6-ditert-butyl-p-cresol	No	N/A	No	No	No	N/A	No
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	SVHC (Recommended)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Recommended)	Specified	Specified
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	SVHC (Recommended)	Specified	Specified	Specified	SVHC (Recommended)	Specified	Specified
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methylisothiazol-3(2H)-one	No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.7 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste Yes.

Packaging

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Waste code	European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour. Never weld, solder or braze empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

References

Commission 2014/955/EU
Directive 2008/98/EC

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not available.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulations

REACH Status

For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

All components are active or exempted.

Australia inventory (AIC)

At least one component is not listed.

Canada inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC)

All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (CSCL)

All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)

All components are listed or exempted.

Explosive precursors

Not applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more of the substances within this mixture. A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for the mixture itself.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms	ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment CSR = Chemical Safety Report DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ES = Exposure Scenario EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement EWC = European Waste Catalogue GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006] RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail RRN = REACH Registration Number SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure TWA = Time weighted average UN = United Nations UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance VOC = Volatile Organic Compound vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative Varies = may contain one or more of the following 64741-88-4 / RRN 01-2119488706-23, 64741-89-5 / RRN 01-2119487067-30, 64741-95-3 / RRN 01-2119487081-40, 64741-96-4 / RRN 01-2119483621-38, 64742-01-4 / RRN 01-2119488707-21, 64742-44-5 / RRN 01-2119985177-24, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5 / RRN 01-2119467170-45, 64742-53-6 / RRN 01-2119480375-34, 64742-54-7 / RRN 01-2119484627-25, 64742-55-8 / RRN 01-2119487077-29, 64742-56-9 / RRN 01-2119480132-48, 64742-57-0 / RRN 01-2119489287-22, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7 / RRN 01-2119480472-38, 64742-63-8, 64742-65-0 / RRN 01-2119471299-27, 64742-70-7 / RRN 01-2119487080-42, 72623-85-9 / RRN 01-2119555262-43, 72623-86-0 / RRN 01-2119474878-16, 72623-87-1 / RRN 01-2119474889-13
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History

Date of issue/ Date of revision	04/07/2025.
Date of previous issue	06/03/2025.
Prepared by	Product Stewardship

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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